



Big Data in groundwater

Theo Olsthoorn
Giesbeek (nl) webinar 2018-06-25

Big data (wikipedia)

- **Big data** is data sets, so voluminous and complex that traditional data-processing application software are inadequate to deal with them.
- Big data includes capturing, storage and analysis of data.
- Big data also refers predictive analytics, user behavior analytics, or certain other advanced methods that extract value.

Data Mining

- The process of discovering meaningful correlations, patterns and trends by sifting through large amounts of data stored in repositories.

Groundwater hardly any Google results but there is enough that is relevant to us

- National and international repositories
- National and international models

Global digital elevation data sets ready to download

Global Elevation Datasets

There are numerous elevation datasets with global or nearly global coverage, but by far the most significant is SRTM.

SRTM: NASA Shuttle Radar Topography Mission

Jonathan de Ferranti's [Digital Elevation Data](#) site

- A free dataset created by combining data from many sources, including gap-filling SRTM, and sheets of contour maps.
- Coverage at 3 arc seconds is now global, and unlike SRTM and ASTER GDEM, there are no serious voids or artifacts.
- In particular, he notes, with SRTM:
"*..unfortunately not quite all the world was mapped. [...] Although the 0.2% of the rest of the world may not seem significant, its significance is increased by the fact that it covers the highest summits of most of the world's mountain ranges, including all 14 of the world's 8000m+ summits and most of the world's 6000m+ summits. [...] More than 10 years later, NASA's SRTM data still do not cover these areas. I began the task of filling them from alternative sources in May 2005 and completed it in November 2012, completing NASA's mission to map the world.*"
- There is even data for e.g. Norway, Sweden and the Faroe Islands where no SRTM data is available.

TanDEM-X WorldDEM (future)

- Not available yet, but... a project of the European company Astrium, begun in 2010, with data promised in **2014**, which is "intended to be the replacement dataset for SRTM"
- **12m x 12m** raster, with vertical accuracy: 2m (relative) / 10m (absolute)
- Global homogeneity, highly consistent dataset thanks to data collection within 2.5 years only.
- No ground control information needed thanks to high geometric precision of sensors.
- No word yet on whether it will be as free and unrestricted as SRTM.

USGS [GMTED2010](#)

- "Global Multi-resolution Terrain Elevation Data, 2010".
- Produced by the USGS in 2011 by combining the "current best available global elevation data" from public sources. It is multi-resolution, with areas at 30-, 15-, and 7.5-arc-second resolution.
- In theory, it replaces the older *GTOPO30* dataset (see below).
- The dataset is delivered as tiles whose dimensions are 30° of longitude x 20° of latitude.

ASTER [Global Digital Elevation Map \(GDEM\)](#)

- GDEM is 30m elevation dataset created by stereo-correlating the 1.3 million scene ASTER VNIR archive, covering the Earth's land surface between 83N and 83S latitudes, formatted in 1 x 1 degree tiles as GeoTIFF files.
- It is available from
 1. NASA's [GDEM WIST](#) site. However, the process is cumbersome, involving registration and a complex search. In fact, as of July 2009, when I attempted to find GDEM for two areas (Hawaii and Bolivia), both searches came back with the name of the data file (e.g. ASTGTM_S2oW065.zip) but "*On-line Access: Access Unavailable*"
 2. Japan's [ASTER GDEM](#) site, which is easier to use.
- In a [review](#) at the time of release, it was observed that "While the elevation postings are ~30 m, the detail of topographic expression resolvable in the ASTER GDEM appears to be between 100 m and 120 m... residual cloud anomalies, a variety of pervasive artifacts.. straight lines, pits, bumps, mole runs, and other geometric shapes.. unsightly bump/pit pairs."

Water Accounting From Satellites

First steps towards a standardized description of water resources

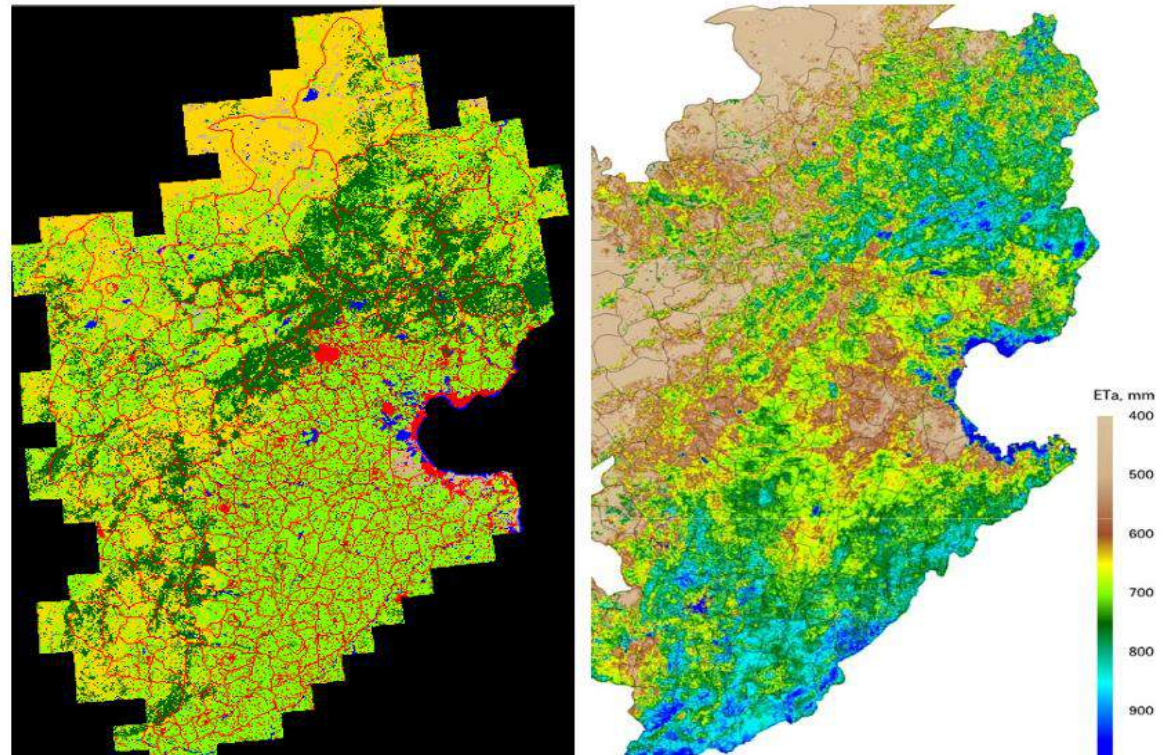
Land and water use Hai Basin

Wim Bastiaanssen

Delft/Mini Symposium

Water Accounting

March 2, 2009



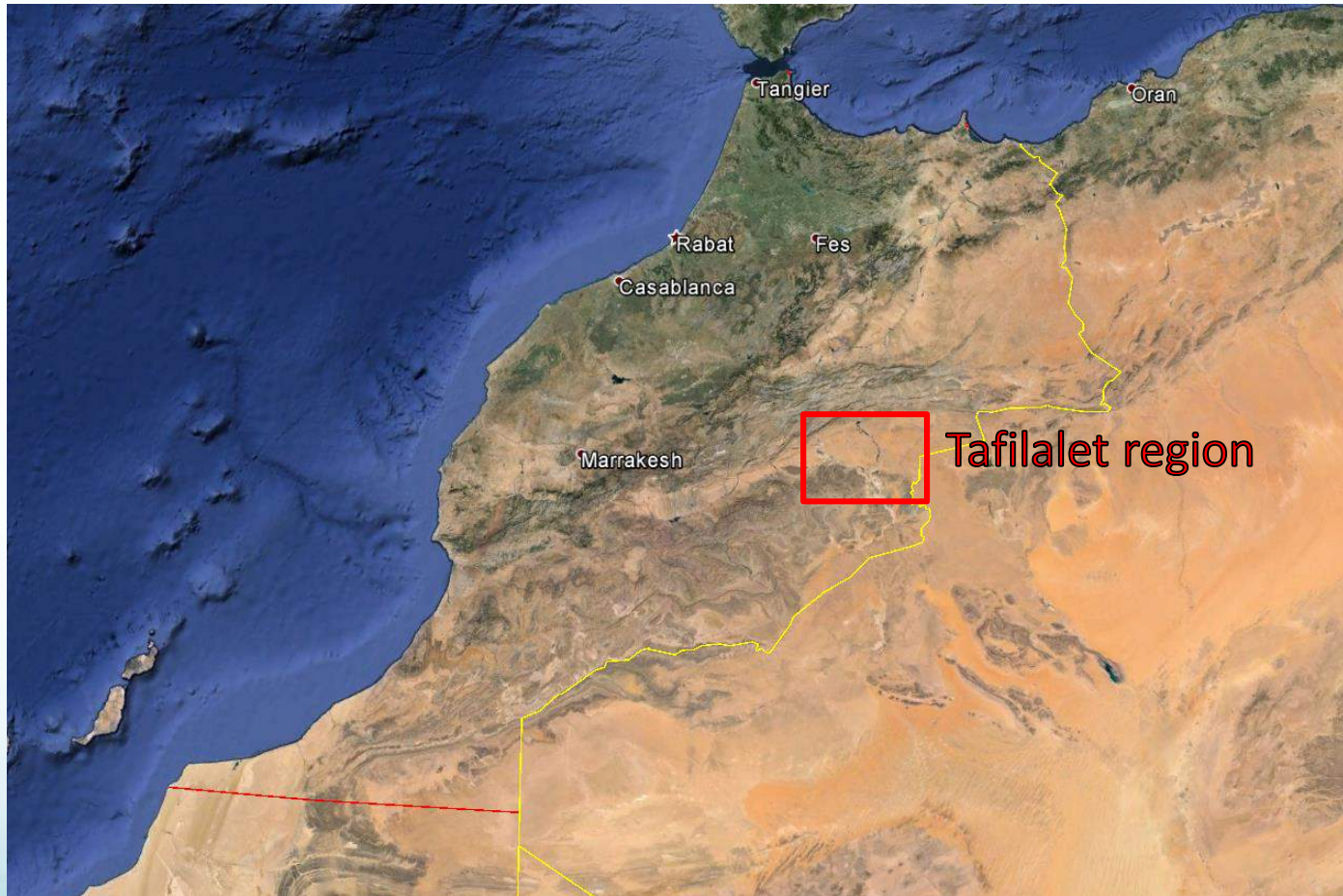
mijnakker.nl ?



eLEAF provides satellite based applications and data to optimise crop production and water management. Whether you are managing a multinational agro-holding or developing complex water management policies, our state-of-the-art products will provide an extra dimension and support you to optimise your outputs.

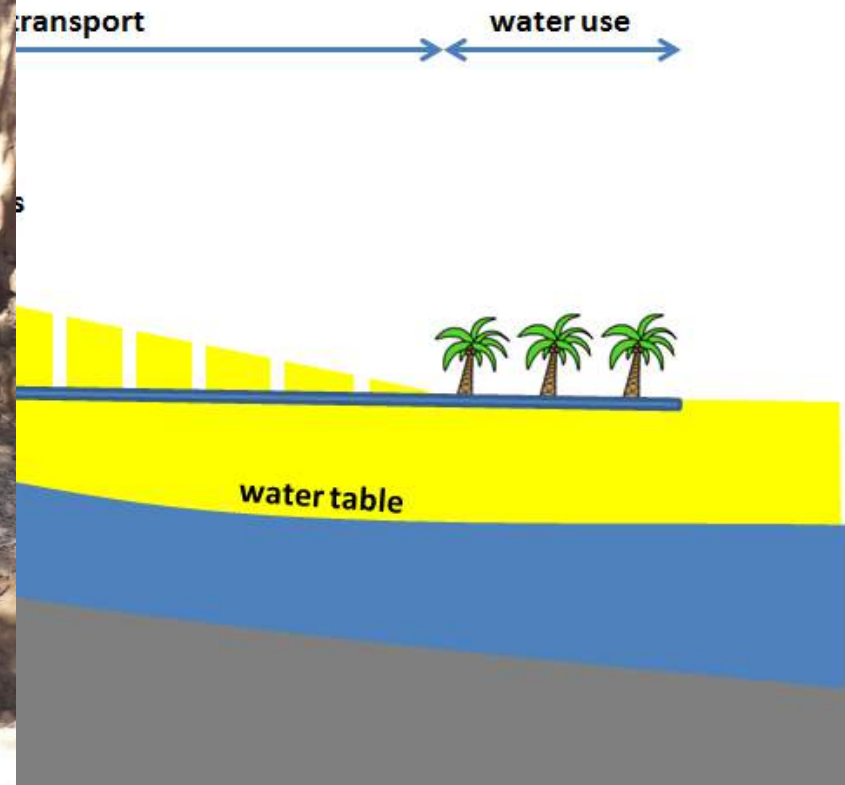
Tafilalet Khettaras (Erfoud, Morocco)

Morocco



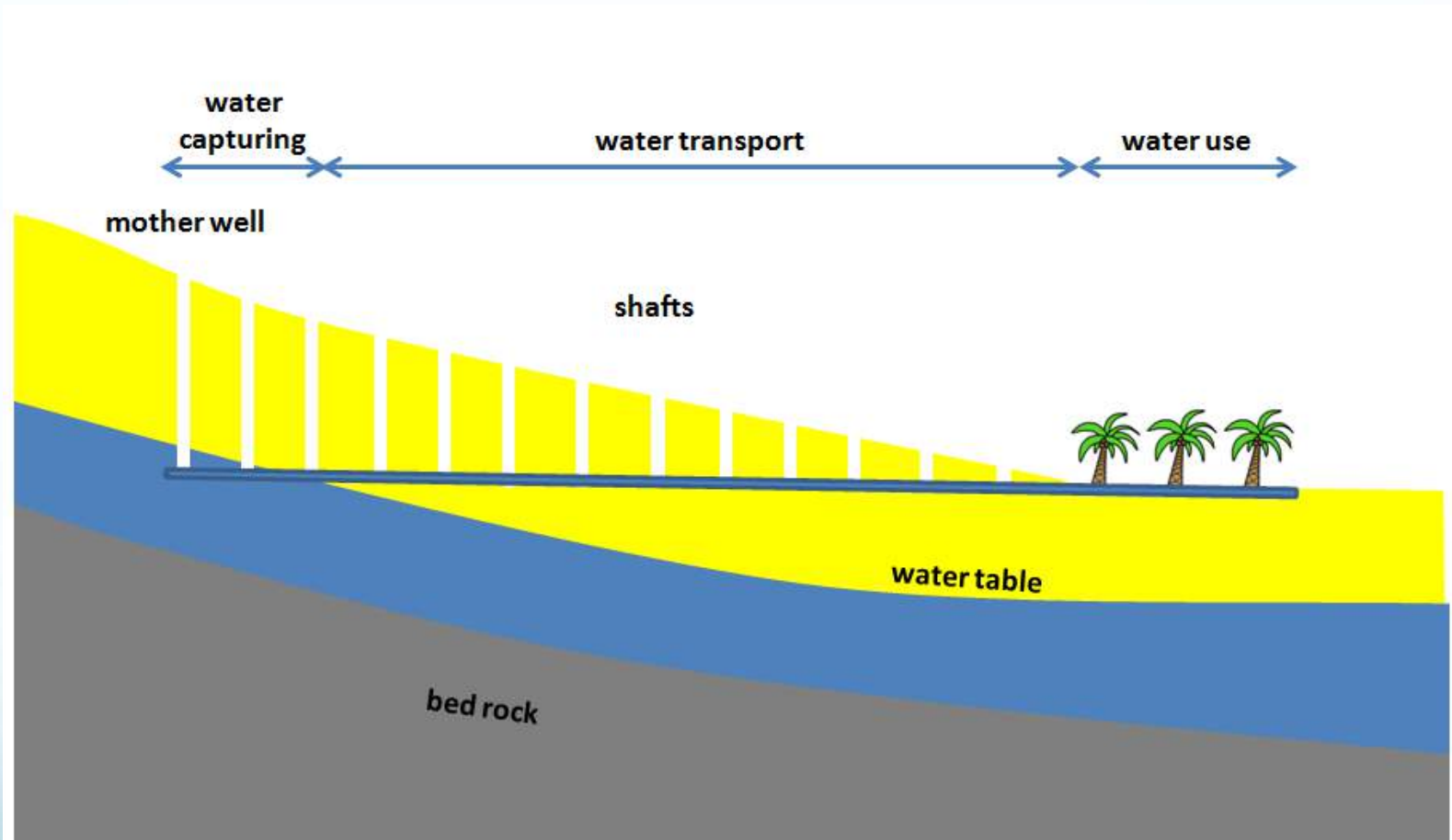


← Coert Strikker MSc



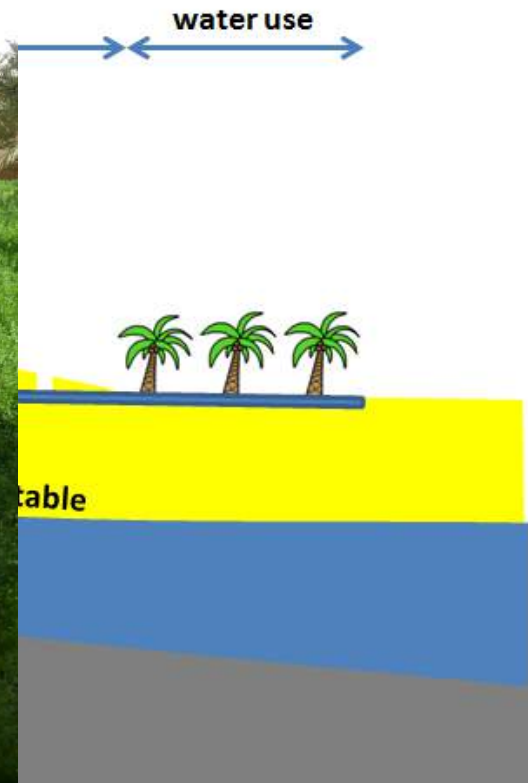
Introduction

Khettaras



Introduction

Khettaras



Introduction

Khetaras



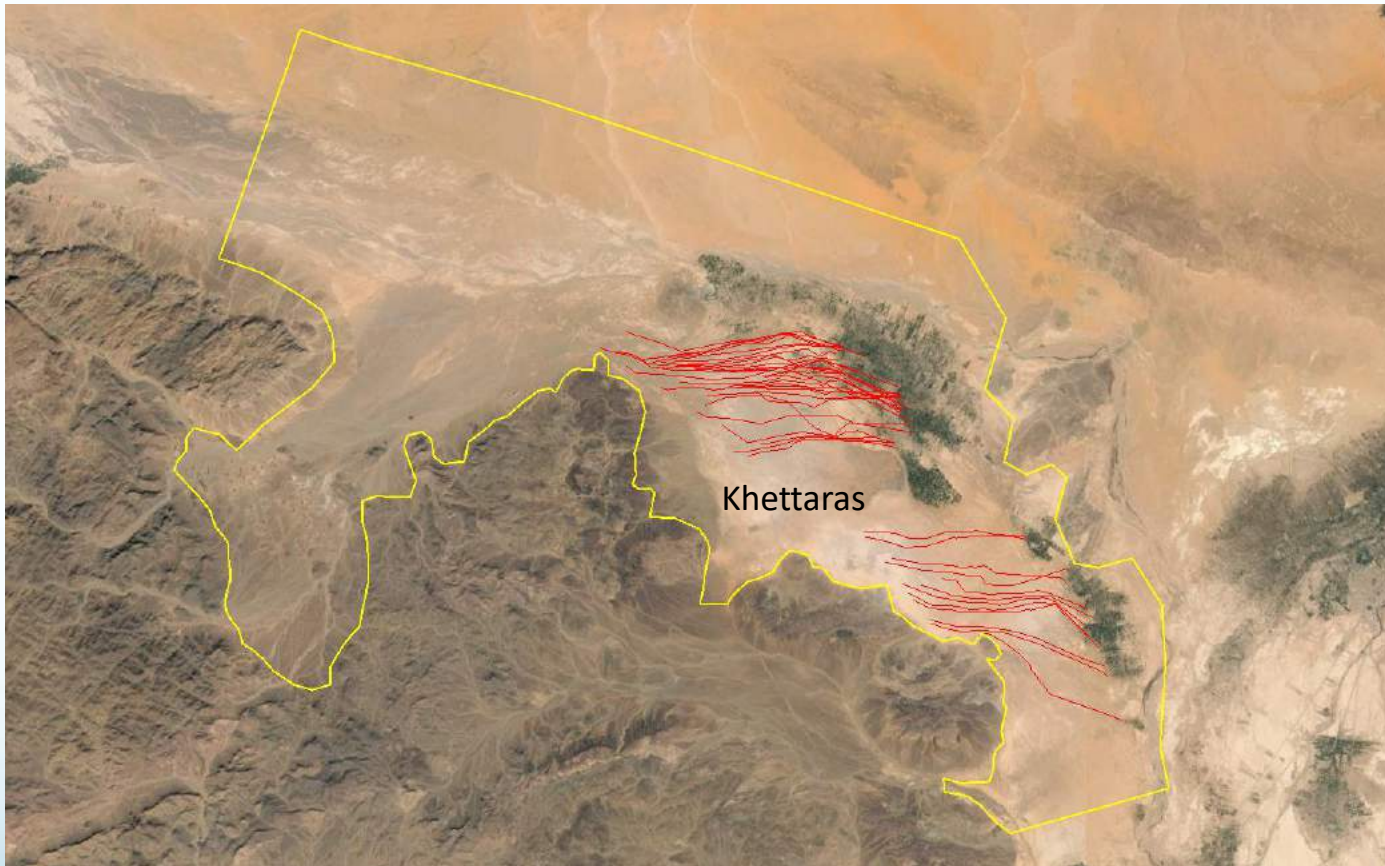
Model setup

Hydrology



Model setup

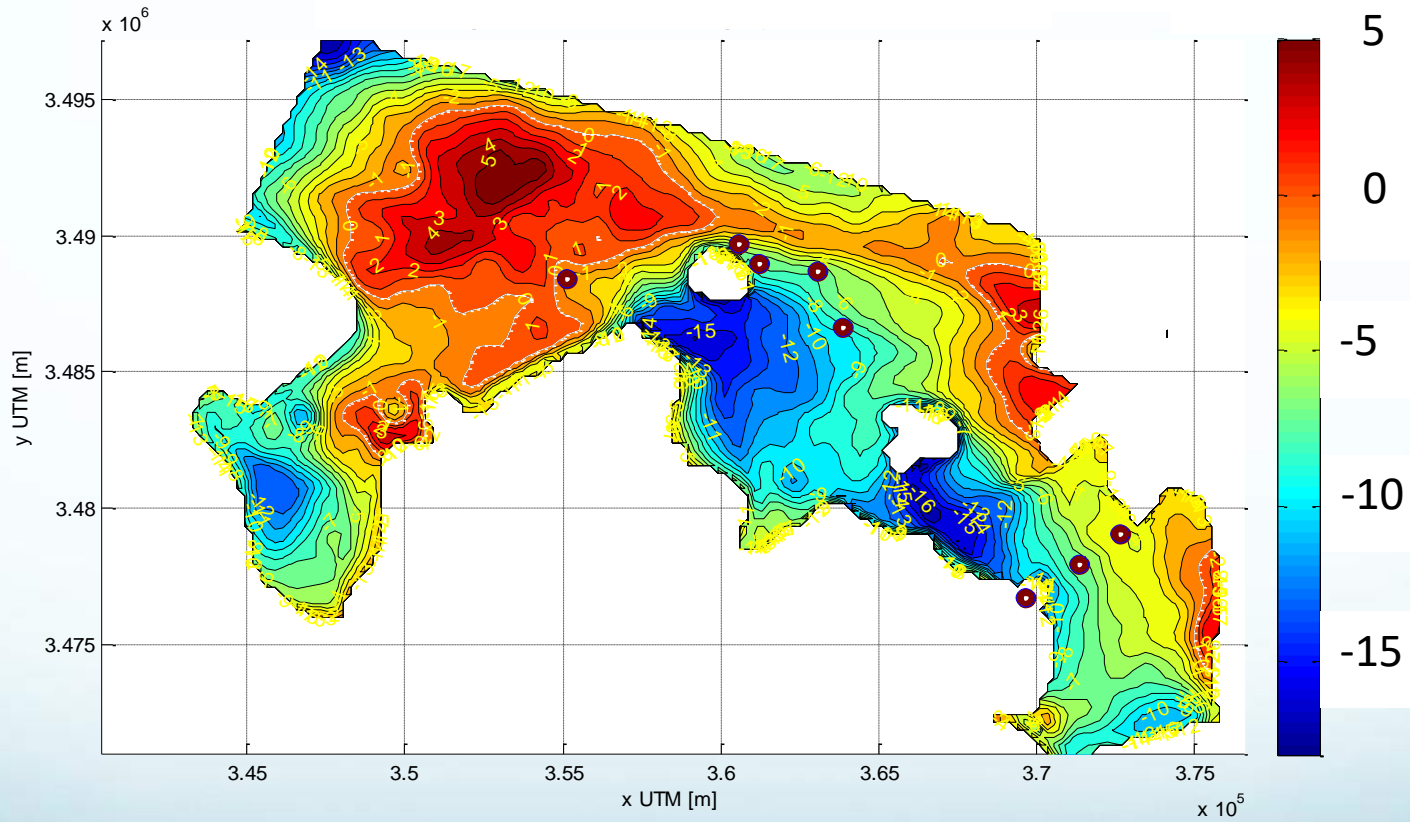
Hydrology



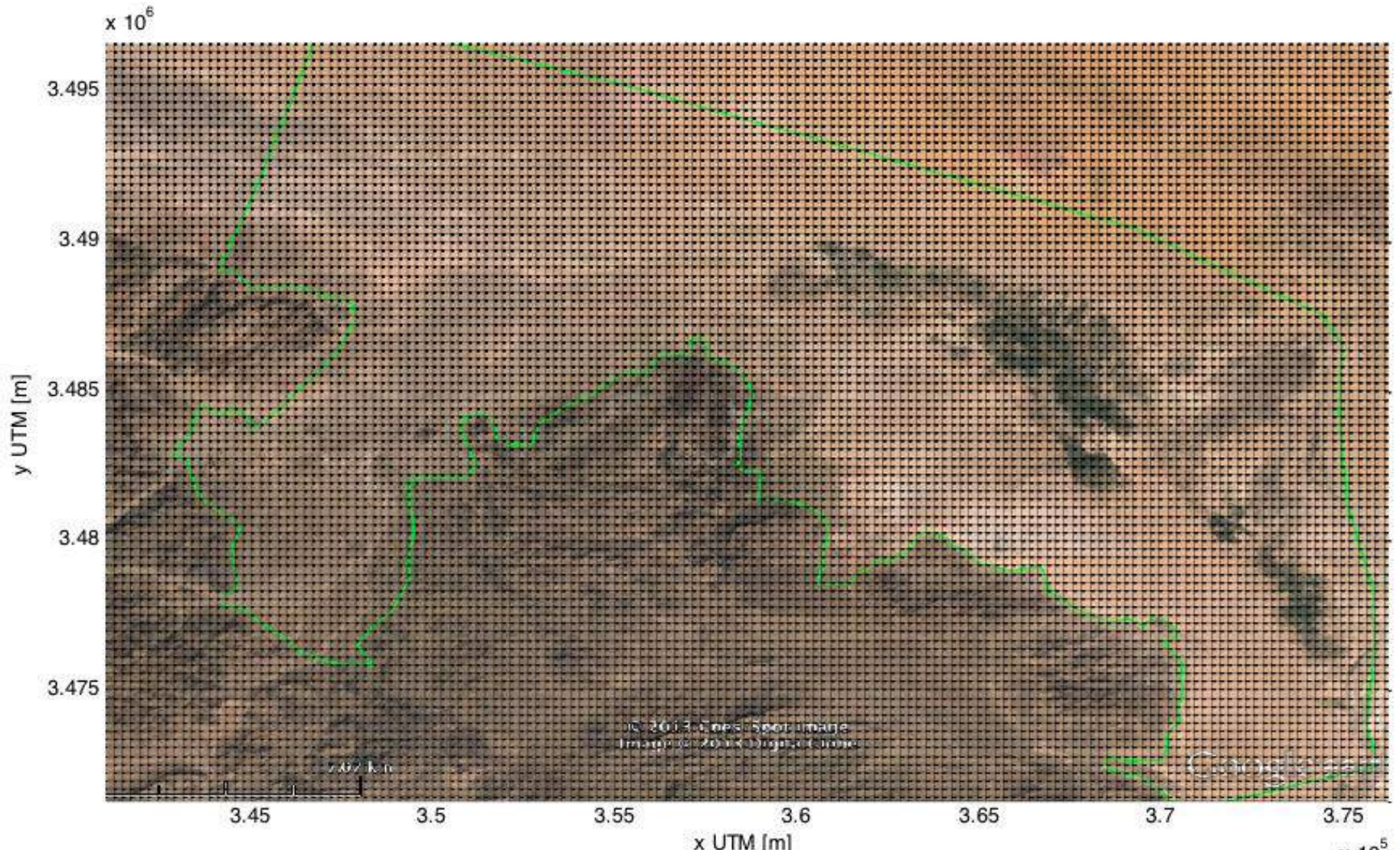
Calibration

Initial model

Water level
with respect to ground surface
(m)



Model Grid from SRTM (NASA)



Only monthly precipitation data locally available

Year	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug
1977/1978	*	*	*	8.3	3.4	*	0	3.2	2	0	0	23.6
1978/1979	0.3	7	0	0.5	62.4	*	2.4	*	0.1	4.7	0	*
1979/1980	25.3	78.9	2.9	0	17.7	28.5	33	21.5	0.8	0	0	1.7
1980/1981	15.3	3.2	14.7	22.9	0	9.7	0	*	2.3	14.4	0.3	1.7
1981/1982	2.2	*	*	0	28.9	1.9	*	58	42.5	0.8	*	*
1982/1983	0.9	0.7	5.3	0	1.9	*	*	4	23.1	*	*	0.3
1983/1984	*	1.9	*	0	*	0	1.8	*	11.5	1.5	0	0
1984/1985	3.3	0	12.6	0	15.8	15.7	0.9	12	9.7	0	0	2
1985/1986	14.1	15.5	8.9	45.8	4.3	3.7	1.3	0	3.3	0.4	0	0
1986/1987	3.7	52.2	*	0	0.3	*	21.7	0	10.4	10.9	0	0
1987/1988	18.7	7.7	13.1	10.1	4	34.1	8.3	1.1	2.5	*	0	*
1988/1989	0.3	15.3	45.4	0	0	21.2	3.2	4.5	0	6.8	2.8	29
1989/1990	13.6	70.5	41.7	52.3	1.6	0	8.5	10.8	24	0	0.4	0.3
1990/1991	4.8	0	*	29.8	0	12	11.2	16	3	10.7	0.2	8.4
1991/1992	8.3	4	0	9.5	0	17.4	3.9	7.5	10.9	1.4	*	0.1
1992/1993	*	1	5.8	24.7	5.9	11.5	5.2	0	*	0	0	2.8
1993/1994	*	8.2	49	3.1	69	0	0	10	0	0	*	2.2
1994/1995	*	48.2	0	0	0	0	29.7	28.5	0	12.2	*	8.3
1995/1996	4	49.8	0	3.2	16.6	45.3	12.2	*	1.4	43.9	17.9	0

Spatial Data and Python

Python course at IHE, 2017

Tim Hessels



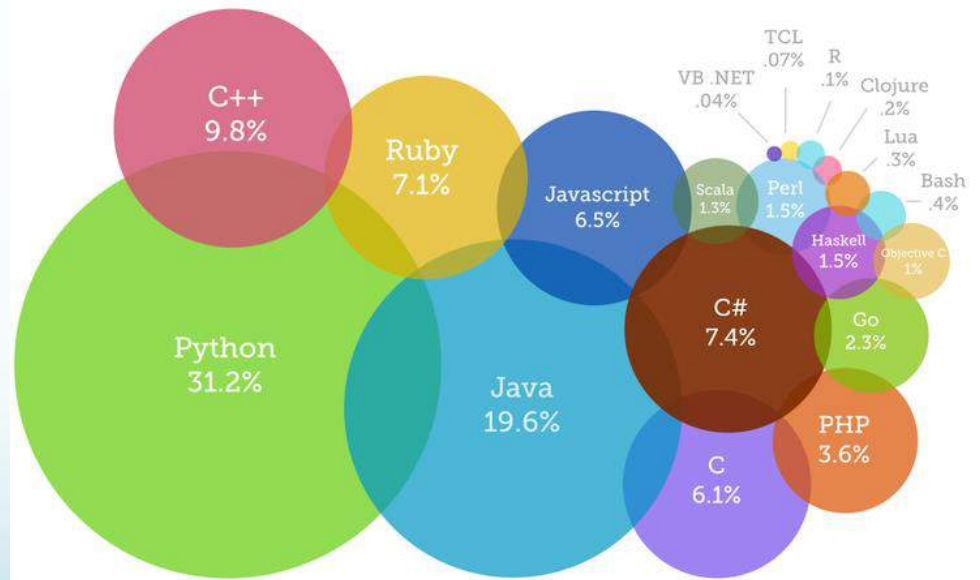
UNESCO-IHE
Institute for Water Education

Download Python packages

Programming Languages



Most Popular Coding Languages of 2015

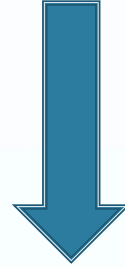


@codeeval



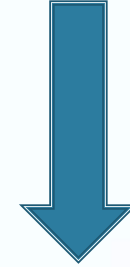
www.codeeval.com

GTIFF = GEO Location + Array



Includes:

- Projection
- Geo Transform
- No Data Value



Includes:

- Pixel Values

Downloading data

1. Download daily CHIRPS data of October till December 2016 by using FileZilla
 - Download the daily data for Africa only
 - `/pub/org/chg/products/CHIRPS-2.0/africa_daily/tifs/p05/2016`
2. Unzip the data

Climate Hazards Group Infrared Precipitation with Station data (CHIRPS) data

CHIRPS

chg.geog.ucsb.edu/data/chirps/

Home About News Publications Forecasts Blog People Gallery Data Tools Trends

DATA

CHIRPS

What is CHIRPS?

Climate Hazards Group InfraRed Precipitation with Station data (CHIRPS) is a 30+ year quasi-global rainfall dataset. Spanning 50°S-50°N (and all longitudes), starting in 1981 to near-present, CHIRPS incorporates 0.05° resolution satellite imagery with in-situ station data to create gridded rainfall time series for trend analysis and seasonal drought monitoring. As of February 12th, 2015, version 2.0 of CHIRPS is complete and available to the public. For detailed information on CHIRPS, please refer to [our paper in Scientific Data](#).

History and Intent

Since 1999, U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) and CHG scientists, supported by funding from the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), have been developing techniques for producing rainfall maps, especially where surface data is sparse.

preliminary CHIRPS v2.0 pentad 2018.03.6

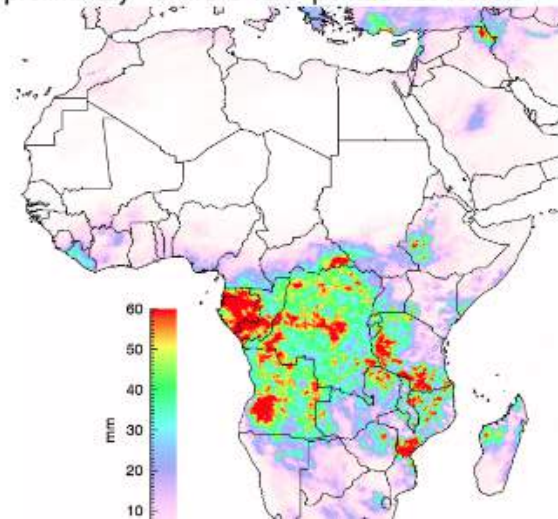


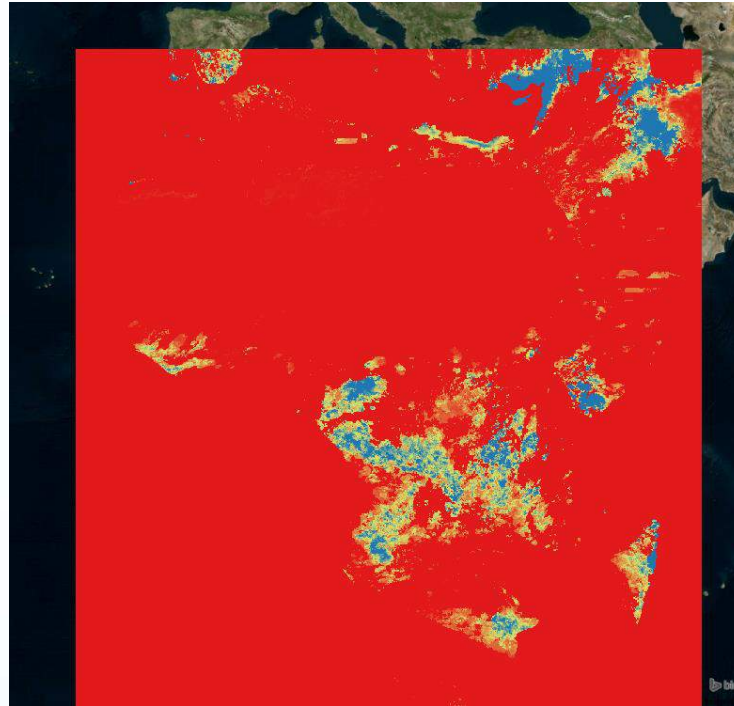
Table of Contents

- What is CHIRPS?
- History and Intent
- Citations
- Related Publications
- Screening and Diagnostics
- Contact
- Data (ftp)
- FAQ
- Suggested Tools
- Affiliated Organizations
- Acknowledgements

Data & Tools

- Data Main
- CHIRPS
- CHPclim
- CenTrends
- Trend Analysis

Open chirps-v2.0.2016.12.01.tif in QGIS and you get:

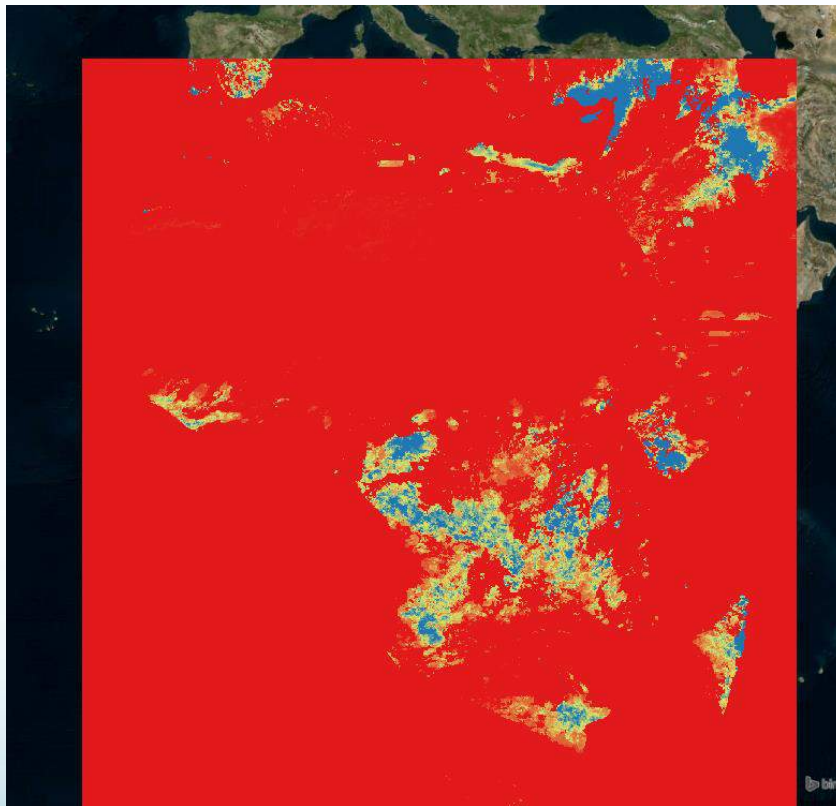


No Data Value is not defined, this is therefore shown as a red (Value = -9999)

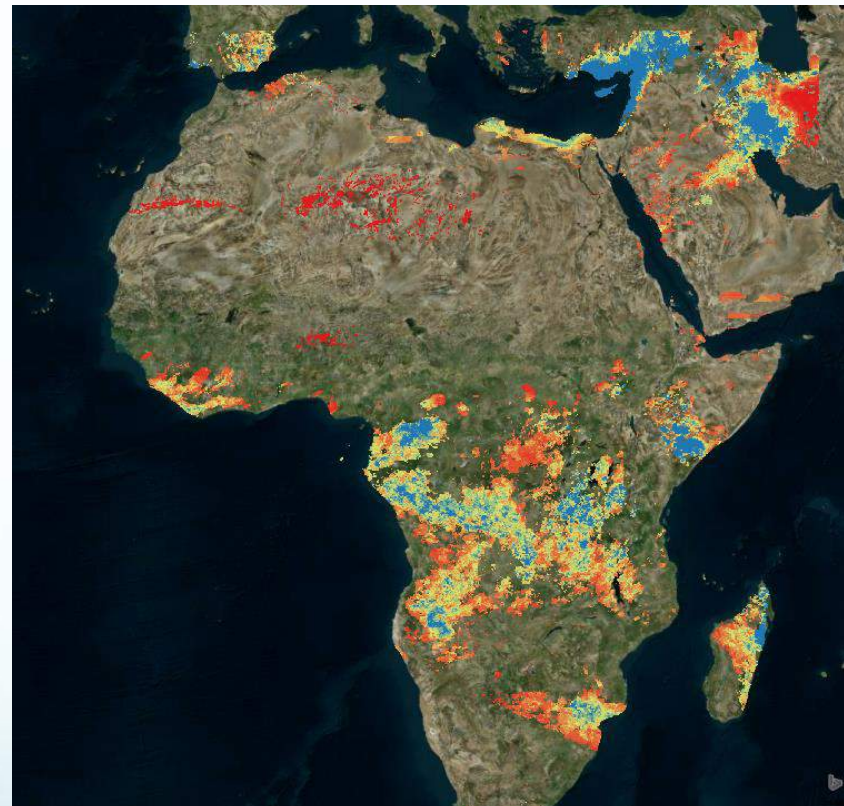
Now we will create a new tiff file where the no data value is defined and the pixels with 0 rainfall is also defined as no data

Python

Now create a new tiff file where the no data value is defined and the pixels with 0 rainfall is also defined as no data



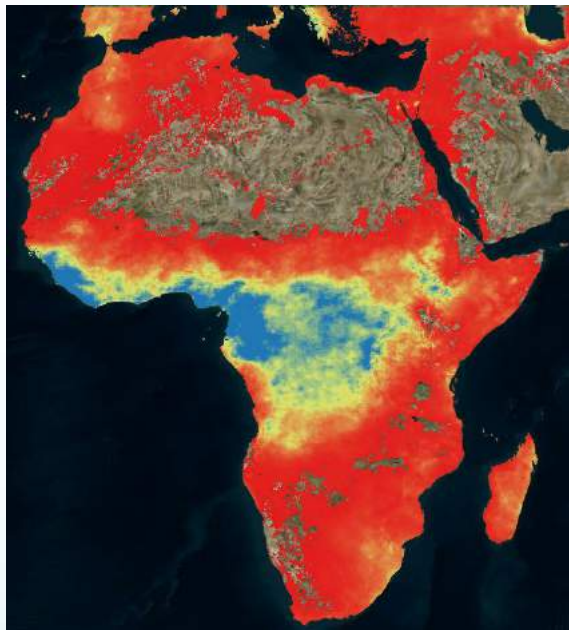
Old Tiff



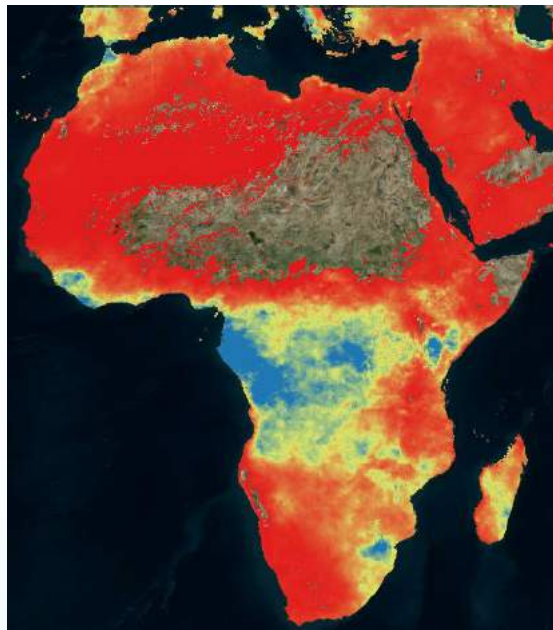
New Tiff

Python

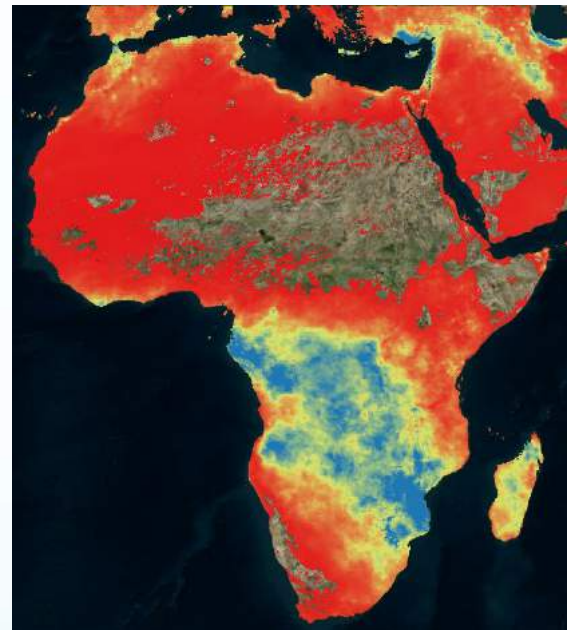
October 2016



November 2016



December 2016



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International Groundwater Resources Assessment Centre



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International Groundwater Resources Assessment Centre



Who We Are | What We Do | What We Have for You | What is Groundwater? | News & Events

Search bar with a magnifying glass icon.

Downloads

Choose resource type

Topics

Region

Search Terms

- ✓ - Any -
- Annual Reports
- Brochures & Flyers
- Maps
- Papers
- Poster
- Reports

Topics dropdown menu showing "- Any -"

Region dropdown menu showing "- Any -"

Search Terms input field

Filter



Flyer official launch Groundwater Overview



International Groundwater Resources Assessment Centre



Global Groundwater Information System (GGIS)

The Global Groundwater Information System (GGIS) is an interactive, web-based portal to groundwater-related information and knowledge.

The GGIS consists of several modules structured around various themes. Each module has its own map-based viewer with underlying database to allow storing and visualizing geospatial data in a systematic way.

Transboundary groundwaters

In the modules below, you can obtain more information about transboundary aquifers (TBA's).

Related Resources

Global Groundwater Information System (GGIS)



Transboundary Aquifers (TWAP Project)

Selection of 199 aquifers and 43 SIDS.



Ramotswa Aquifer

Shared between Botswana and South Africa.



Dinaric Karst (DIKTAS Project)

Shared by Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina,



Netherlands



- National and company repositories including documents (example pdfs, WaternetT)

- Notably in NL AHN

- Dinoloket

- KNMI

- Social → See

Home Products For Whom How About PDOK

How to use PDOK and how to access PDOK?
 PDOK enables users to access digital geographical data via official PDOK webservices.

Web services (aimed at digital mapping) are available to the general public, private companies, organisations and the public sector.

The use of PDOK is for free. This website explains how to use PDOK products and services. Not all parts of this website are fully up-to-date.

PDOK Viewer

National Georegister

NGR Metadata Search

Search the Metadata in the [National Georegister](#) directly.

PDOK Kaart

 search

Overview PDOK services

PDOK promotion movie

Statistieken

- 363 [view-en downloadservices](#)
- 133 [datasets](#)
- 6,3 miljard hits in 2017
4,4 miljard hits in 2016
2,1 miljard hits in 2015
- 450 organisaties [PDOK Basis](#)

The Netherlands' national portal for getting public data

The screenshot shows the PDOK website interface. At the top, there is a browser address bar with the URL `https://www.pdok.nl/en`. Below the address bar, there are navigation links for [Print](#), [RSS](#), and [Log in](#), along with utility links for [Contact](#), [Sitemap](#), [Help](#), and [Nederlands](#). The main header features the PDOK logo and the text "Publieke Dienstverlening op de Kaart". A navigation menu includes [Home](#), [Products](#), [For Whom](#), [How](#), and [About PDOK](#). A search bar is located on the right side of the header.


What is PDOK and how to access PDOK?

PDOK enables users to access digital geographical data via official PDOK webservice.


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PDOK Viewer




National Georegister



NGR Metadata Search


Search the Metadata in the [National Georegister](#) directly.

PDOK Kaart



Overview PDOK services

PDOK promotion movie



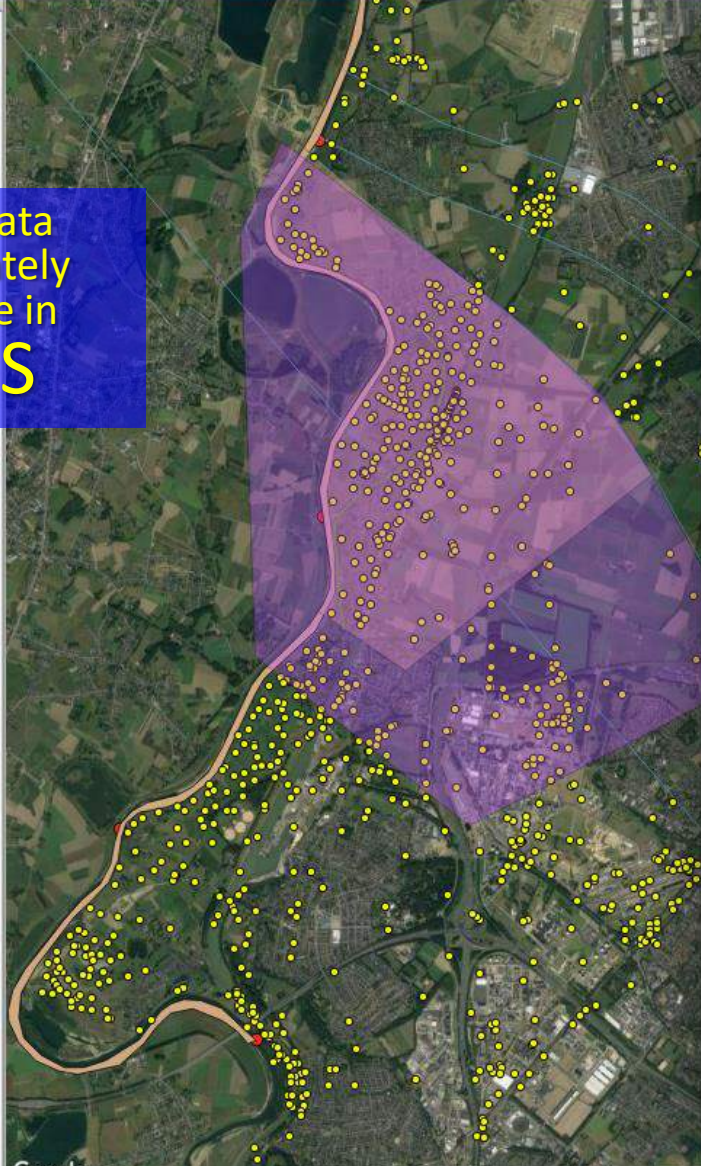
Statistieken

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- 450 organisaties [PDOK Basis](#)

Python error: An error has occurred while executing Python code: See message log (Python Error) for more details

Stack View message log

PDOK data immediately available in QGIS



PDOK Geocoder zoek

PDOK services PDOK geocoder

Zoeken: woord uit laagnaam, type of service

	Laagnaam [style]	Type
1	Luchtfoto 2016 Ortho 25cm RGB	WMTS
2	Luchtfoto Actueel Ortho 25cm RGB	WMTS
3	Luchtfoto 2016 Ortho 25cm Infrarood	WMTS
4	Luchtfoto Actueel Ortho 25cm Infrarood	WMTS
5	brtachtergrondkaart	WMTS
6	brtachtergrondkaartgrijs	WMTS
7	brtachtergrondkaartpastel	WMTS
8	opentopo	WMTS
9	opentopoachtergrondkaart	WMTS
10	bodemkaart50000	WMTS
11	geomorfologischekaart50000	WMTS
12	top10nlv2	WMTS

Web Map Tile Service

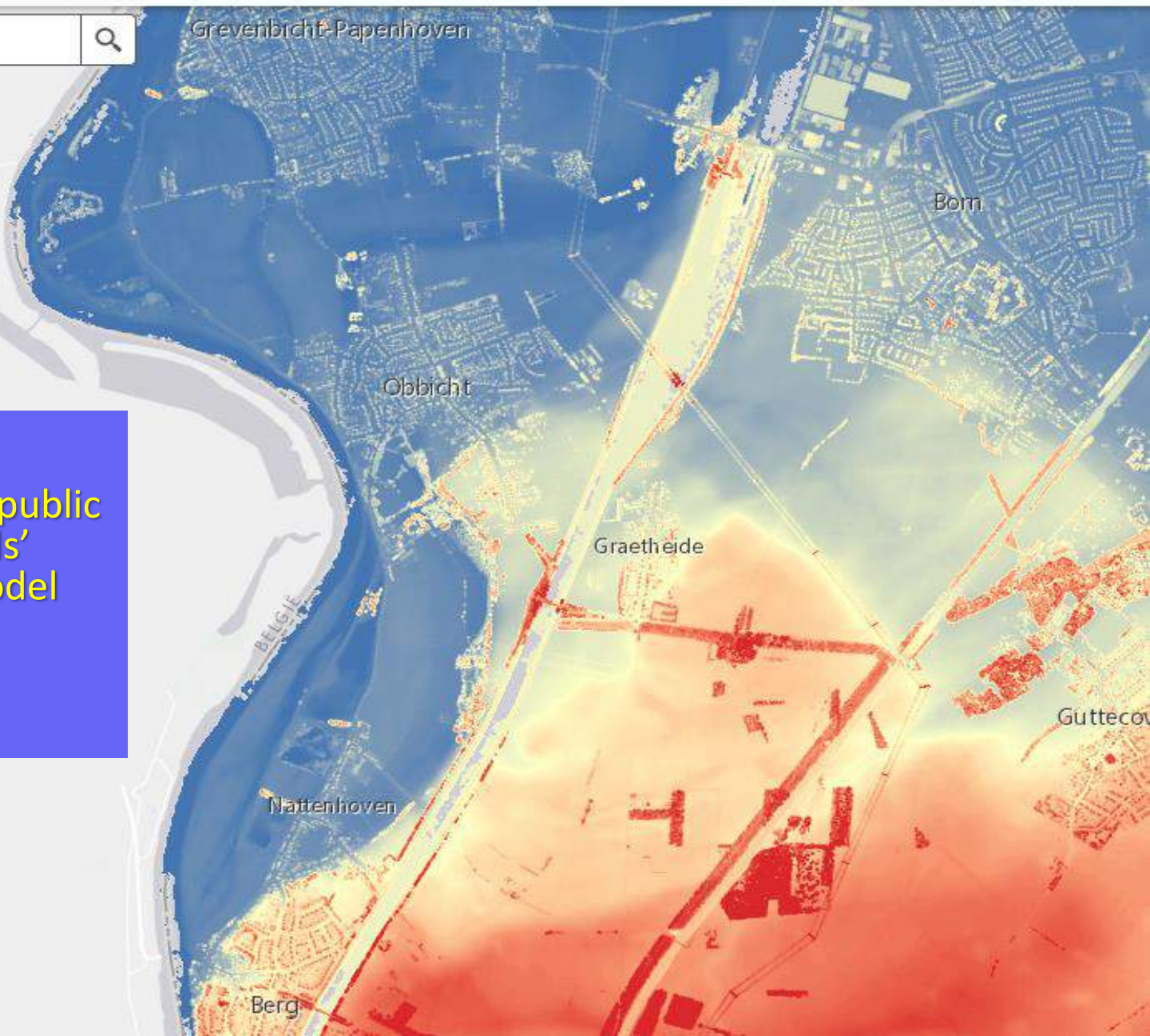
bodemkaart50000

WMTS
<https://geodata.nationaalgeoregister.nl/wmts?VERSION=1.0.0&req=bodemkaart50000>

Laad deze laag in QGIS (c



Adres of plaats zoeken...



5 m resoluion public
Netherlands'
elevation model
AHN



Klimatologie

Daggegevens van het weer in Nederland - Download

Op deze pagina zijn gegevens (als ASCII, komma-gescheiden) te downloaden van temperatuur, zon, bewolking en zicht, luchtdruk, wind en neerslag van 35 automatische weerstations. Waarschuwing: de data zijn niet gecorrigeerd voor inhomogeniteiten ontstaan door stationsverplaatsingen en veranderingen in de observatiemethodieken.

Selecteer begin- en einddatum van de gewenste periode, elementen en stations. Klik op "**Download data set**" om de file samen te stellen.

Van 2018 juni 1 t/m 2018 juni 23

Deel van het jaar

Element	Omschrijving
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alle elementen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DDVEC	Vectorgemiddelde windrichting in graden (360=noord, 90=oost, 180=zuid, 270=west, 0=windstil/variabel). Zie http://www.knmi.nl/kennis-en-datacentrum/achtergrond/klimatologische-brochures-en-boeken
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHVEC	Vectorgemiddelde windsnelheid (in 0.1 m/s). Zie http://www.knmi.nl/kennis-en-datacentrum/achtergrond/klimatologische-brochures-en-boeken
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FG	Etmaalgemiddelde windsnelheid (in 0.1 m/s)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHX	Hoogste uurgemiddelde windsnelheid (in 0.1 m/s)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHXH	Uurvak waarin FHX is gemeten
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHN	Laagste uurgemiddelde windsnelheid (in 0.1 m/s)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHNH	Uurvak waarin FHN is gemeten
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FXX	Hoogste windstoot (in 0.1 m/s)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FXXH	Uurvak waarin FXX is gemeten

Daggegevens - Download

> Data ophalen vanuit een script

Climate and weather
data downloadable
from the Royal Dutch
Meteorological
Institute
(KNMI)



DINOloket

Data en Informatie van de Nederlandse Ondergrond

Subsurface data repository maintained by

TNO

Welkom

Iedereen die geïnteresseerd is in de ondergrond, kan op DINOloket van TNO, Geologische Dienst Nederland, gratis gegevens van de ondergrond bekijken en aanvragen. Deze gegevens komen uit de database van DINO én de [BRO](#) (Basisregistratie Ondergrond). Gegevens gerelateerd aan de Mijnbouwwet vindt u op [NLOG](#).

Direct

Nomen

Reier



Waar bent u naar op zoek?



Ondergrondgegevens
Betaversie



Ondergrondmodellen
Betaversie



Ondergrondgegevens
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart



Ondergrondmodellen
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart

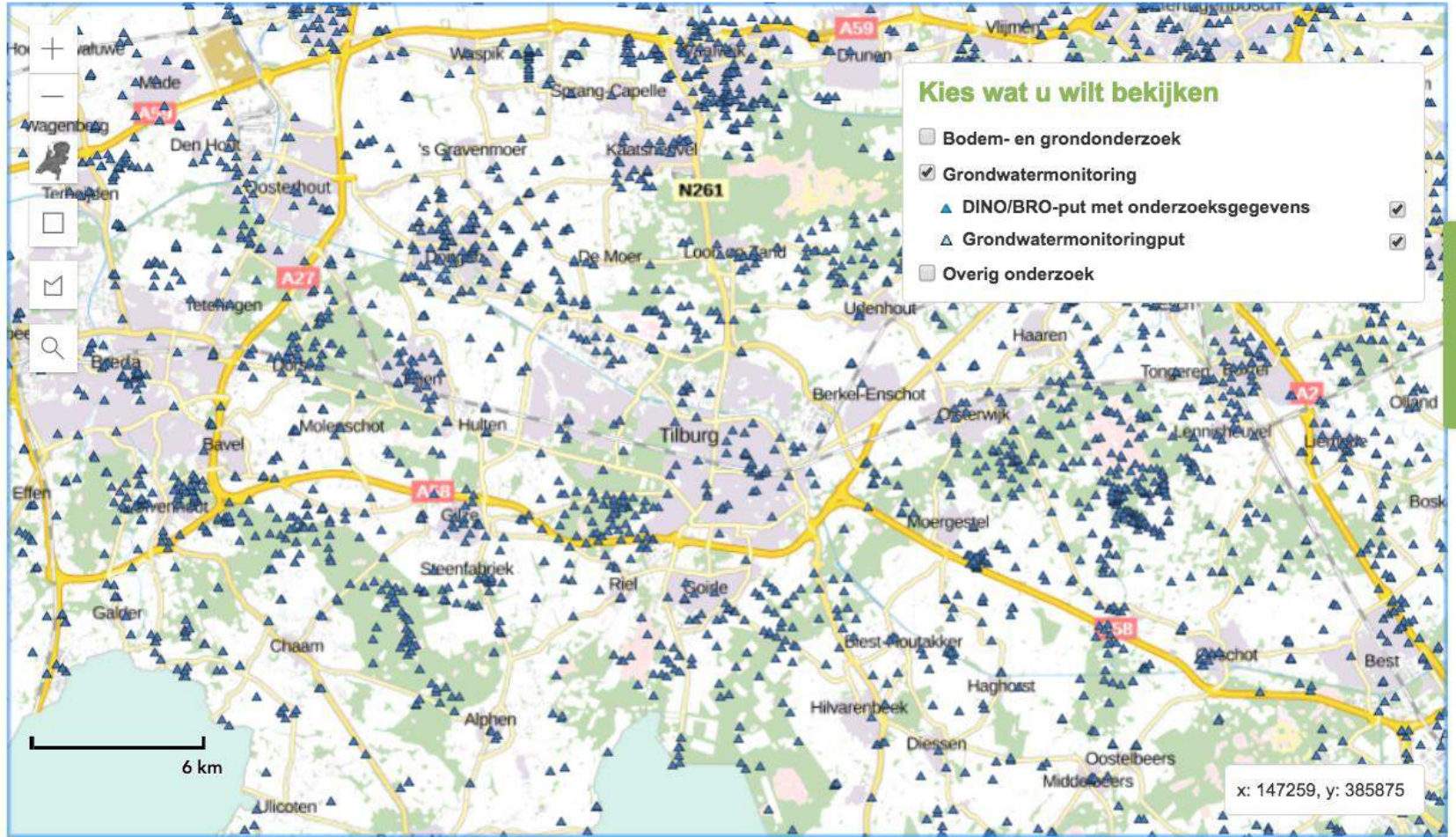
DINOloket

Data en Informatie van de Nederlandse Ondergrond

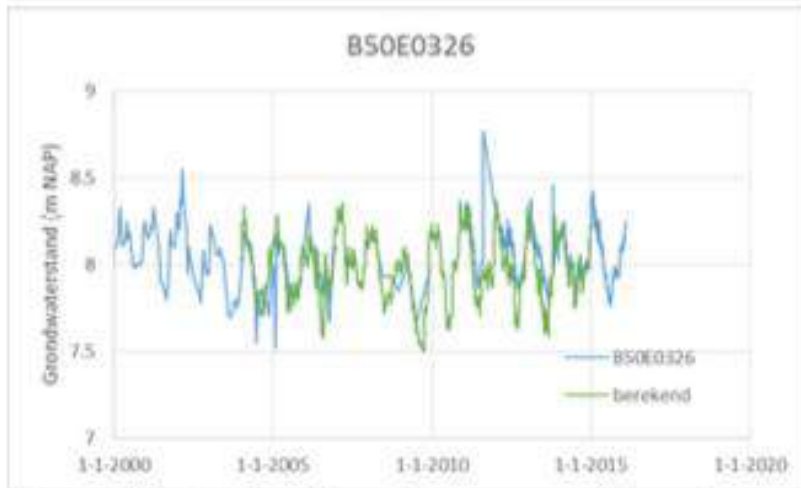
ONDERGRONDGEGEVENS

TOELICHTING

Terug naar Startpagina

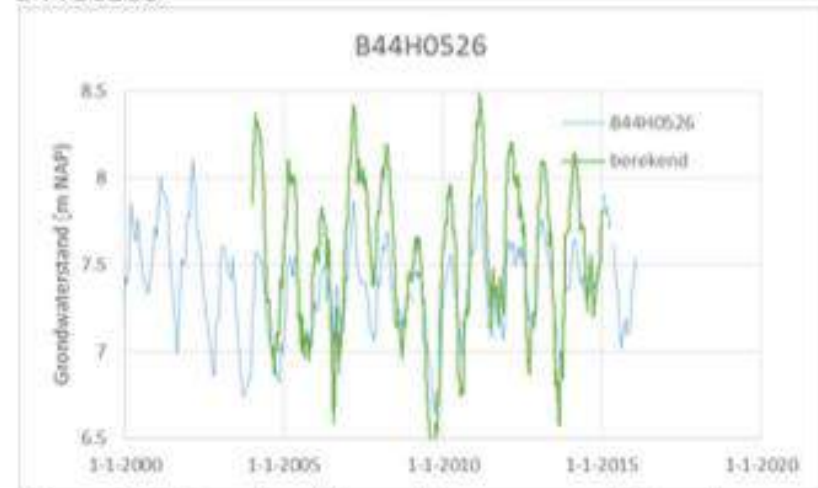


Feedback 

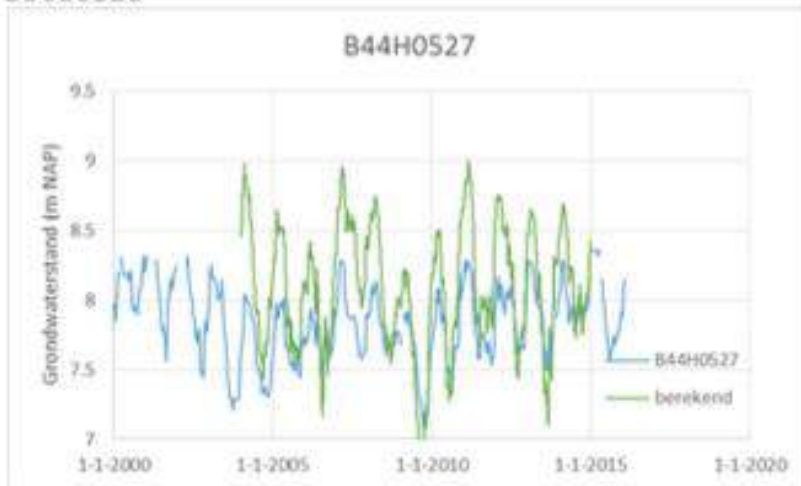


Figuur 6-15: Berekend (groen) en gemeten (blauw) B50E0326

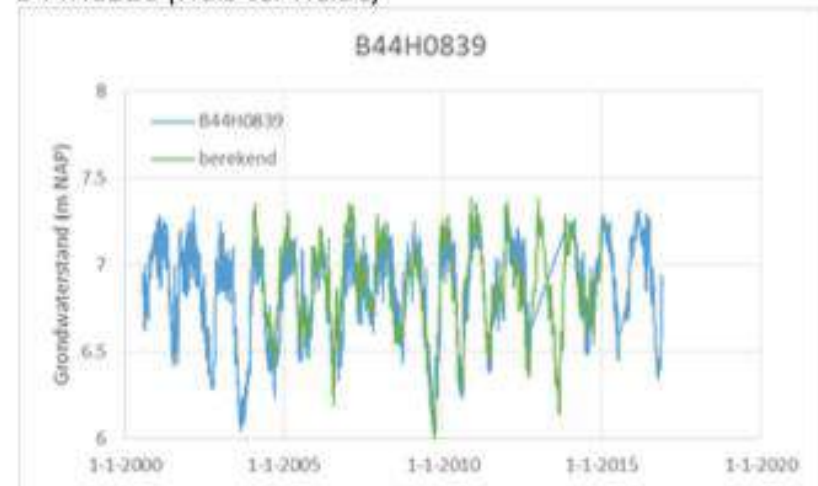
B44G0388



Figuur 6-16: Berekend (groen) en gemeten (blauw) B44H0526 (Huis ter Heide)



Figuur 6-17: Berekend (groen) en gemeten (blauw) B44H0527 (Huis ter Heide)



Figuur 6-18: Berekend (groen) en gemeten (blauw) B44H0839 (De Brand)

Menyanthes

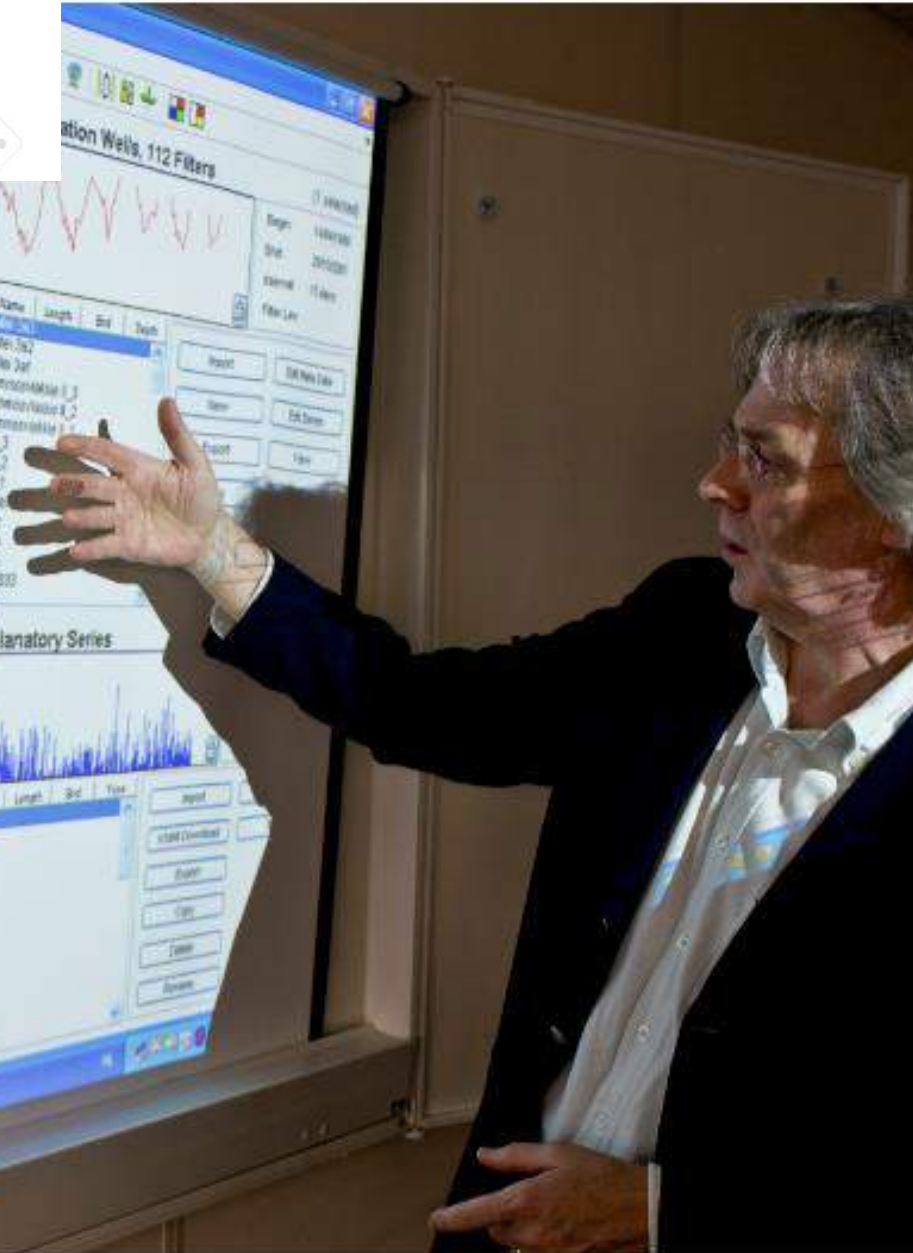
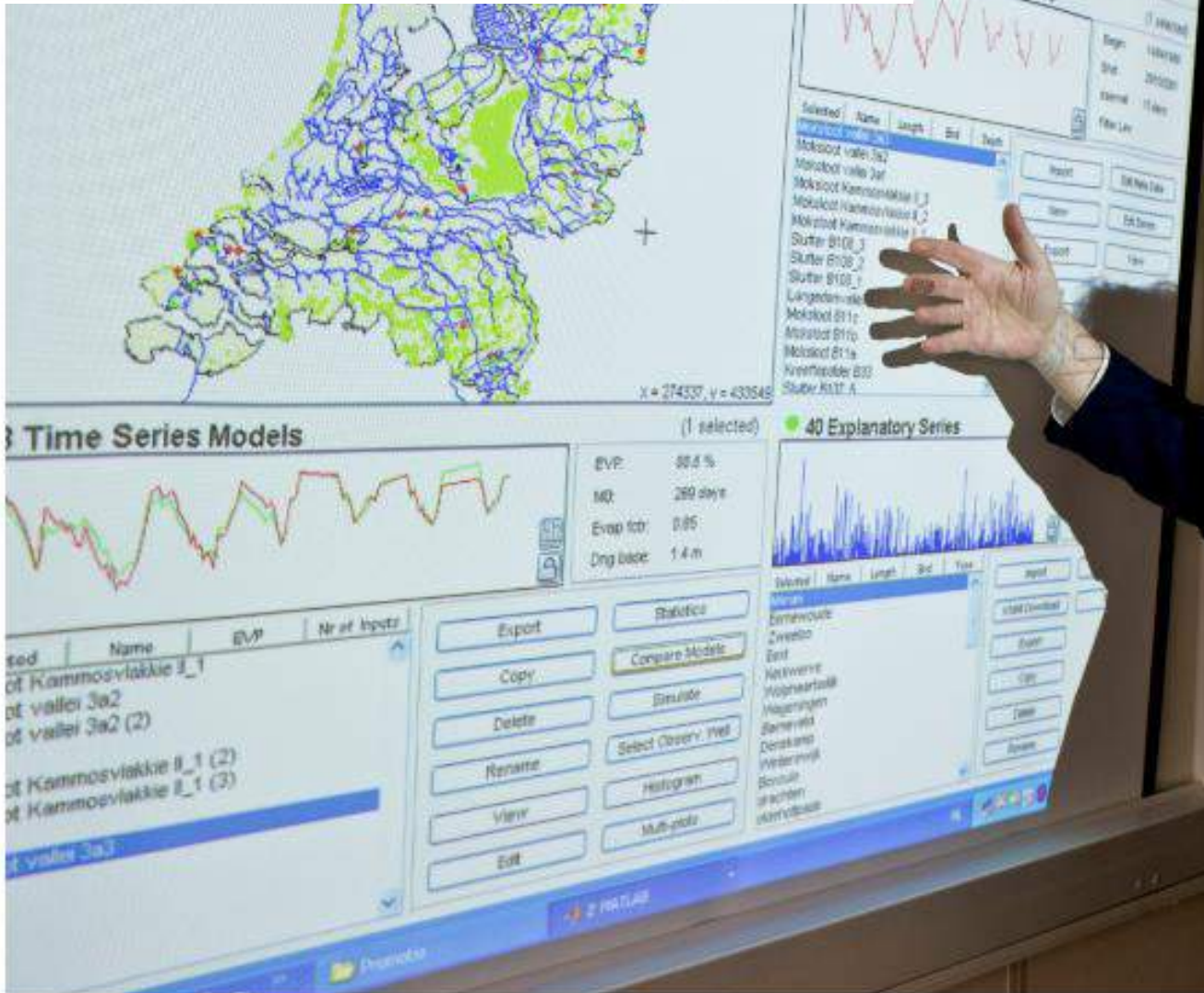
DATAMANAGEMENT

GRONDWATER

HYDROLOGIE

MEETNETTEN

TIJDREEKSEN





Pastas is an open-source framework for the analysis of hydrological time series.



build passing

codecov 62%

Navigation

[Getting Started](#)

[Concepts of Pastas](#)

[Examples](#)

[Developers](#)

[API-Docs](#)

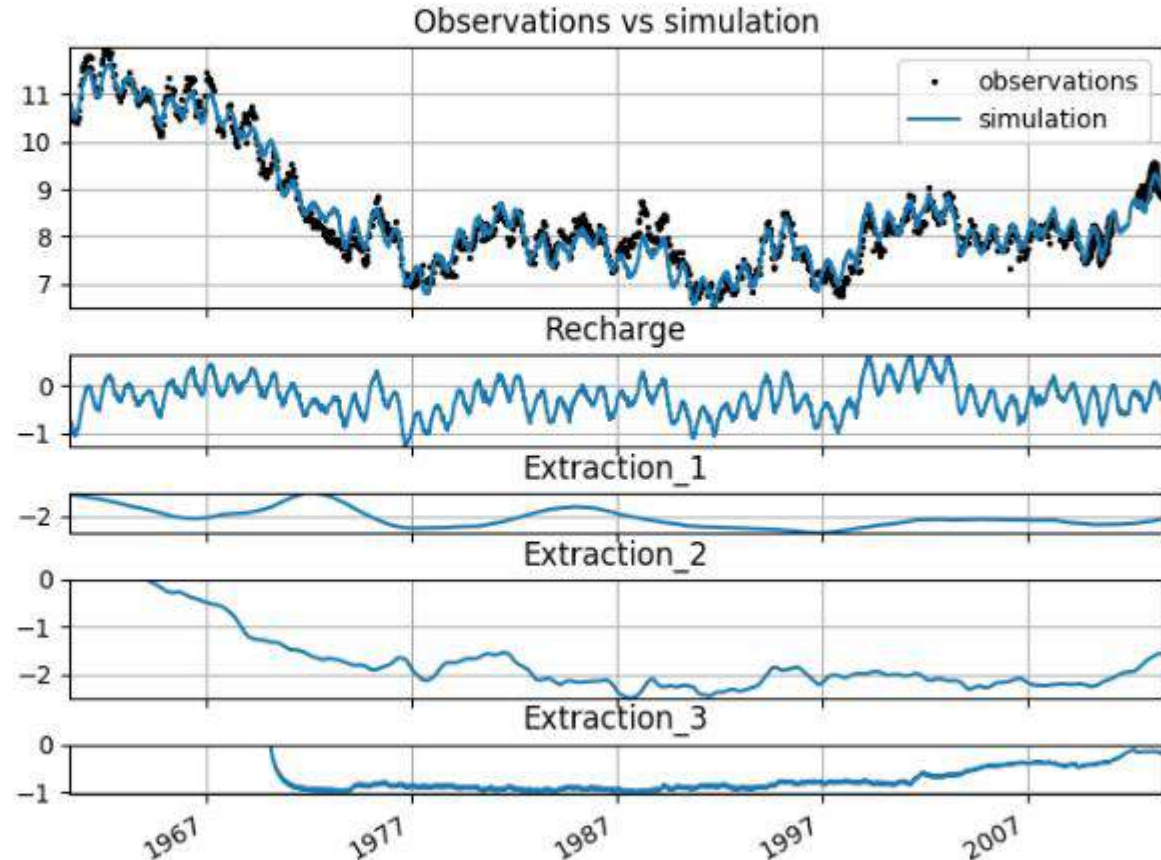
Quick search

Supported by



Introduction

PASTAS is an open source python package for processing, simulating and analyzing hydrological time series. The object oriented structure allows for the quick implementation of new model components. Time series models can be created, calibrated, and analysed with just a few lines of python code with the built-in optimization, visualisation, and statistical analysis tools.



Model Whilhelminakanaal, Tilburg



Welkom

Iedereen die geïnteresseerd is in de ondergrond, kan op DINOloket van TNO, Geologische Dienst Nederland, gratis gegevens van de ondergrond bekijken en aanvragen. Deze gegevens komen uit de database van DINO én de [BRO](#) (Basisregistratie Ondergrond). Gegevens gerelateerd aan de Mijnbouwwet vindt u op [NLOG](#).

Direct

 Nomen

 Reieren



Waar bent u naar op zoek?



Ondergrondgegevens
Betaversie



Ondergrondmodellen
Betaversie



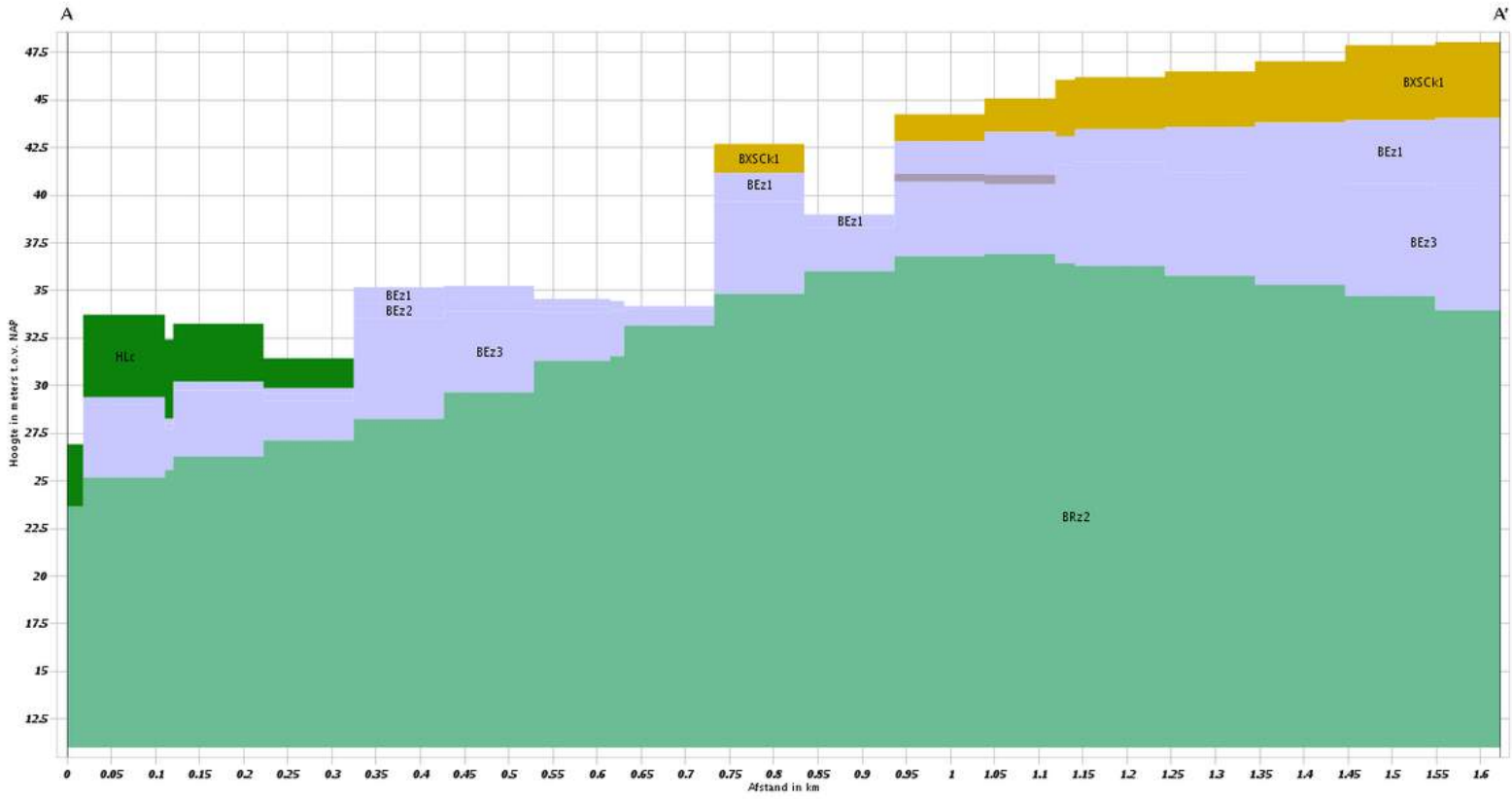
Ondergrondgegevens
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart



Ondergrondmodellen
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart



Verticale Doorsnede REGIS II v2.2

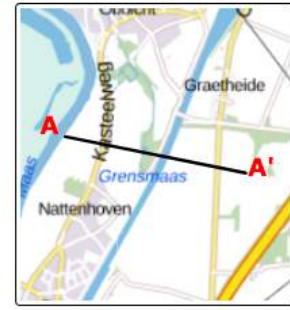


Opslaan als PDF

Hydrogeologie

- HLC
- BXSCk1
- BEz1
- BEz2
- BEz3
- BRz2

-340 Hoogte t.o.v. NAP



Welkom

Iedereen die geïnteresseerd is in de ondergrond, kan op DINOloket van TNO, Geologische Dienst Nederland, gratis gegevens van de ondergrond bekijken en aanvragen. Deze gegevens komen uit de database van DINO én de [BRO](#) (Basisregistratie Ondergrond). Gegevens gerelateerd aan de Mijnbouwwet vindt u op [NLOG](#).



Waar bent u naar op zoek?



Ondergrondgegevens
Betaversie



Ondergrondmodellen
Betaversie



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Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart



Ondergrondmodellen
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart

Direct

Nomen

Reieren



Kies wat u wilt bekijken

- Bodem- en grondonderzoek
 - Geologisch booronderzoek
 - Diepte-interval: 0 - 120
 - Periode: 1900 - 2018
 - Boormonsterprofiel
 - Boormonsterfoto
 - Boorgatmeting
 - Chemische analyse
 - Korrelgrootte analyse
 - Archeologisch booronderzoek
 - Diepte-interval: 0 - 20
 - Periode: 1900 - 2018
 - Boormonsterprofiel
 - Boormonsterfoto
 - Bodemkundig booronderzoek
 - Bronhouder

x: 167493, y: 309568

Stap 1: Zoeken en bekijken ▶ Stap 2: Selecteren ▶ Stap 3: Opvragen

? Help **Geselecteerde objecten (0)** **Uw Legenda** VOLGENDE >>



Kies wat u wilt bekijken [wis](#)

- Een verzameling objecten
- Een specifiek object

Bodem- en grondonderzoek

- Geologisch booronderzoek
- Archeologisch booronderzoek
- Bodemkundig booronderzoek
- Geotechnisch sondeeronderzoek
- Geo-elektrisch onderzoek (VES)
- Geologisch waterbodemonderzoek

Grondwatermonitoring

Overig onderzoek

x: 193130 y: 337969

/Users/Theo/Instututen-Groepen-Overleggen/HYGEA/Consult/2017_DEME-julianakanaal/DINO_boringen/0f99f...

Navigation and utility icons: Back/Forward, Delete, View (Grid, Column, Compare), Arrange (Group by), Share, Edit Tags, Quick Look, Action, Search.

- 2017_DEM...
- 2017_RWS-...
- 2017_RWS-...
- Advieskam...
- China_Beiji...
- Applications
- Theo
- Downloads
- Documents
- nvthon

Developer	Date Modified	Size	Kind
B60C3772_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	7 KB	XML Document
B60C3771_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	6 KB	XML Document
B60C3770_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3754_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	7 KB	XML Document
B60C3750_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	8 KB	XML Document
B60C3742_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3741_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3740_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3739_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3738_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	4 KB	XML Document
B60C3737_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	5 KB	XML Document
B60C3736_1.4.xml	27 Nov 2017 at 22:42	6 KB	XML Document

Dit XML-bestand lijkt geen geassocieerde stijlinformatie te hebben. De documentstructuur is hieronder weergegeven.

```
<!--Boris BBM: GEF-->
```

```
- <set version="1.4">
```

```
- <pointSurvey embargo="OPENBAAR" version="1.4">
```

```
- <identification id="B60C3772">
```

```
<remark>unieke identificatie</remark>
```

```
</identification>
```

```
- <identification id="PB-U-203" projectId="02P003483-02">
```

```
- <projectName>
```

```
Aanvullende peilbuizen project "Verruiming Julianakanaal" te Stein
```

```
</projectName>
```

```
</identification>
```

```
- <surveyLocation surveyDay="9" surveyMonth="7" surveyYear="2014">
```

```
<surveyLocationMethod code="LONB">Geschat, methode onbekend</surveyLocationMethod>
```

```
- <coordinates UoM="METER" coordSystem="RD" originalMeasurement="JA">
```

```
<coordinateX>182834</coordinateX>
```

```
<coordinateY>336307</coordinateY>
```

```
</coordinates>
```

```
- <coordinates UoM="METER" coordSystem="WGS84-UTM31" originalMeasurement="NEE">
```

```
<coordinateX>695259</coordinateX>
```

```
<coordinateY>5655261</coordinateY>
```

```
</coordinates>
```

```
</surveyLocation>
```

```
- <surfaceElevation levelDay="9" levelMonth="7" levelYear="2014">
```

```
<levelMethod code="MONB">geschat, methode onbekend</levelMethod>
```

```
<elevation UoM="CENTIMETER" accuracyLevelValue="10.0" levelReference="NAP" levelValue="4150" originalMeasurement="JA"/>
```

```
</surfaceElevation>
```

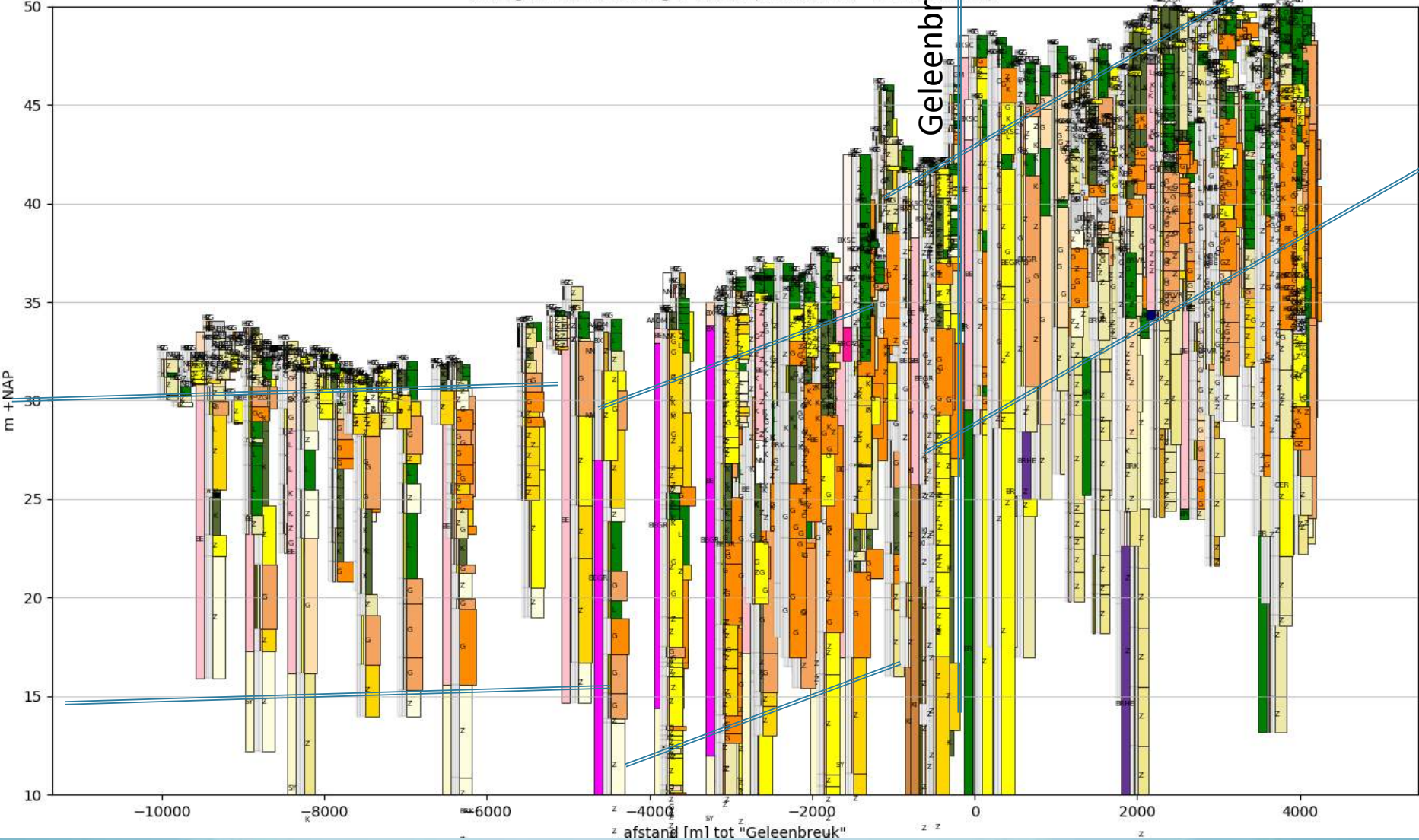
```
- <geoPoliticalLocation>
```

```
<countryName>Nederland</countryName>
```

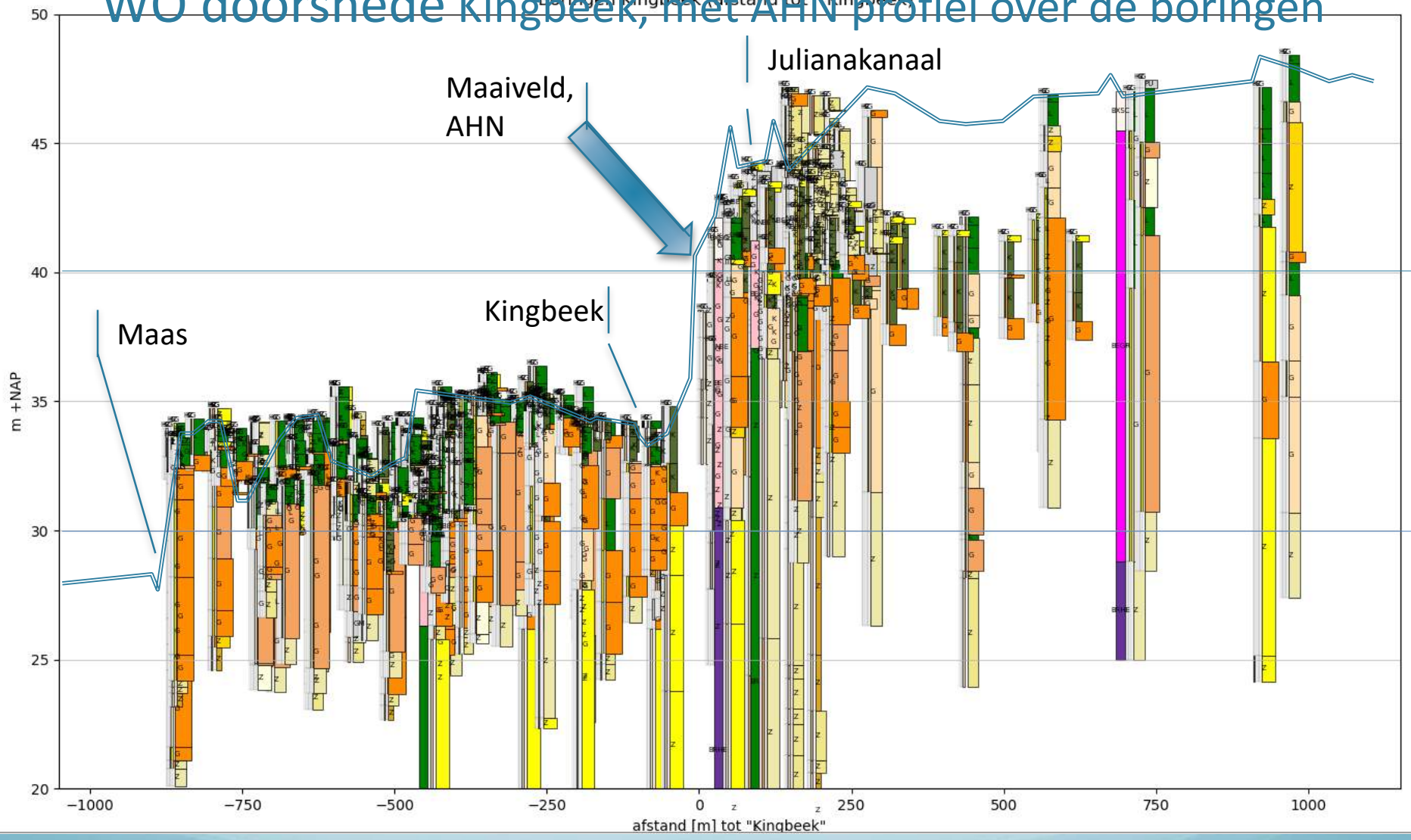


```
- <lithoInterval baseDepth="55" topDepth="40">
  <lithology code="G">grind</lithology>
  <sandAdmix code="Z3">sterk zandig</sandAdmix>
  <colorMain code="BR">bruin</colorMain>
  <gravelMedianClass code="GFN">fijn grind</gravelMedianClass>
  <remark>Restante BZB.: roest, klei</remark>
- <description>
  BRON:GEF-BESTAND;4.0000e-001;5.5000e-001;Gz3;GFN;BR;Restante BZB.: roest, klei
</description>
</lithoInterval>
- <lithoInterval baseDepth="155" topDepth="55">
  <lithology code="K">klei</lithology>
  <sandAdmix code="Z2">matig zandig</sandAdmix>
  <gravelAdmix code="G3">sterk grindig</gravelAdmix>
  <colorMain code="BR">bruin</colorMain>
  <remark>Restante BZB.: roest</remark>
- <description>
  BRON:GEF-BESTAND;5.5000e-001;1.5500e+000;Kz2g3;;BR;Restante BZB.: roest
</description>
</lithoInterval>
```

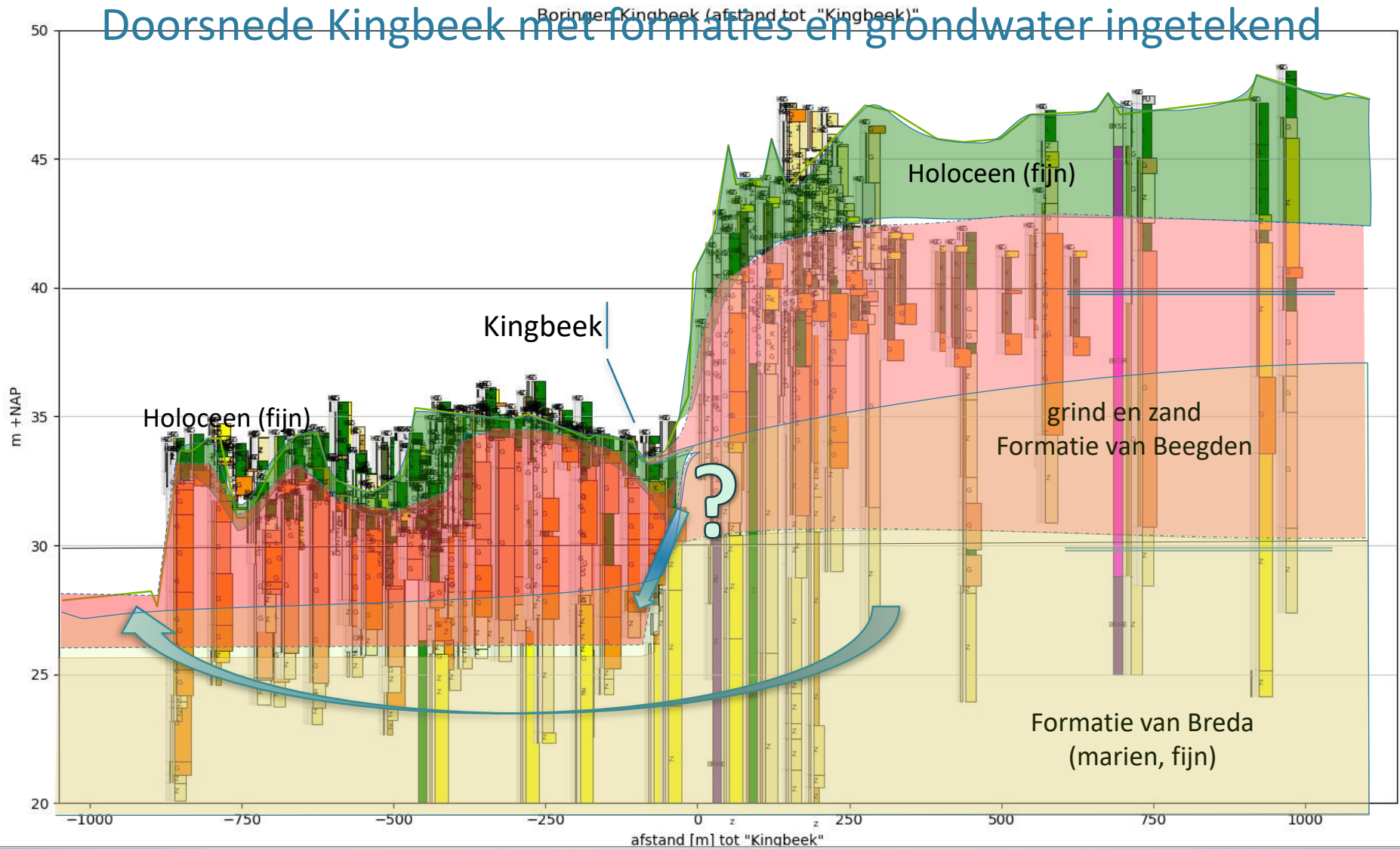
Boringen in het Caberg-3 terras (afstand tot "Geleenbreuk")



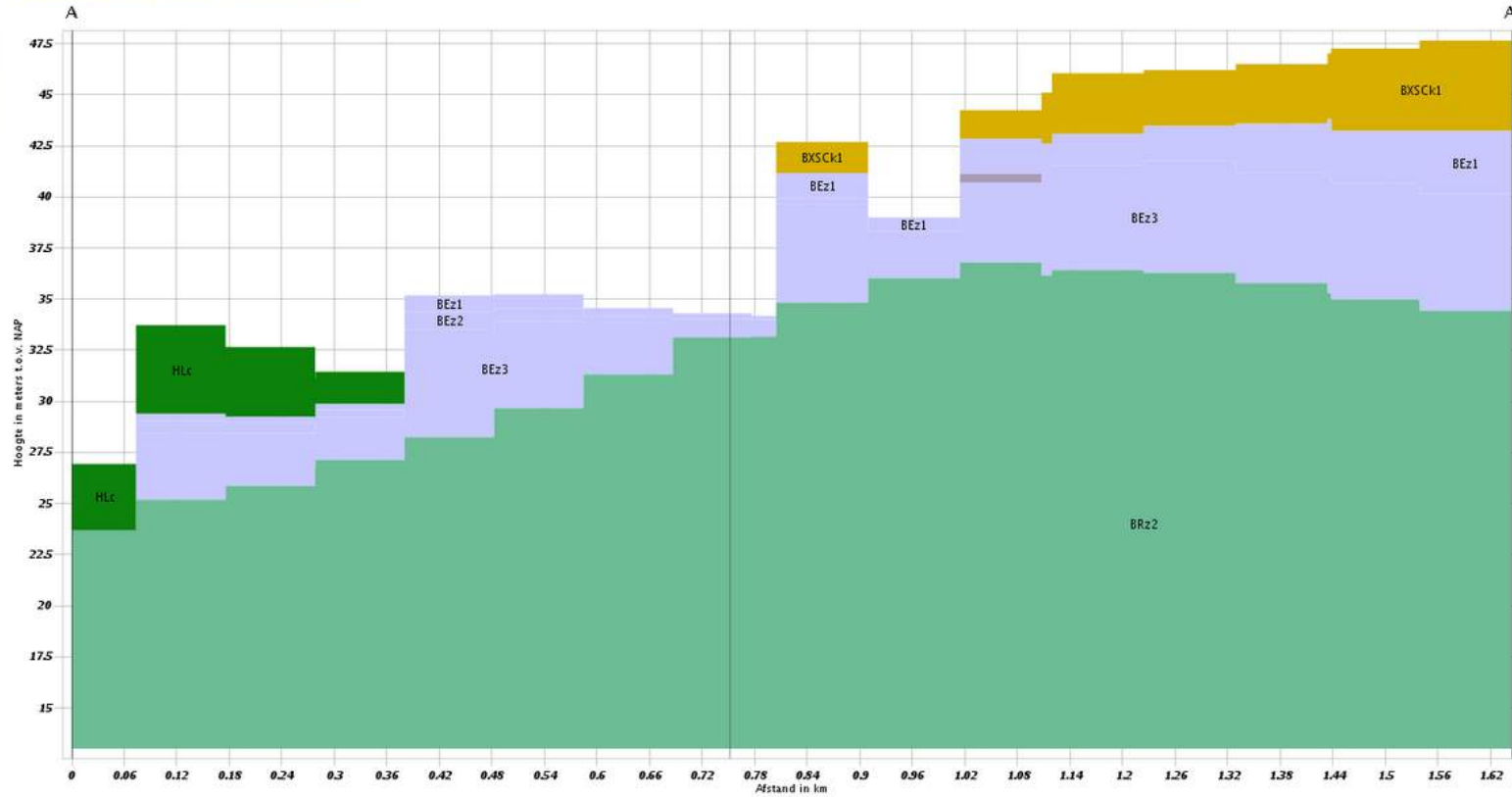
WO doorsnede Kingbeek, met AHN profiel over de boringen



Doorsnede Kingbeek met formaties en grondwater ingetekend



Verticale Doorsnede REGIS II v2.2

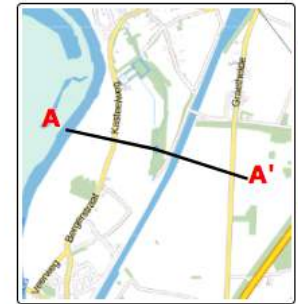


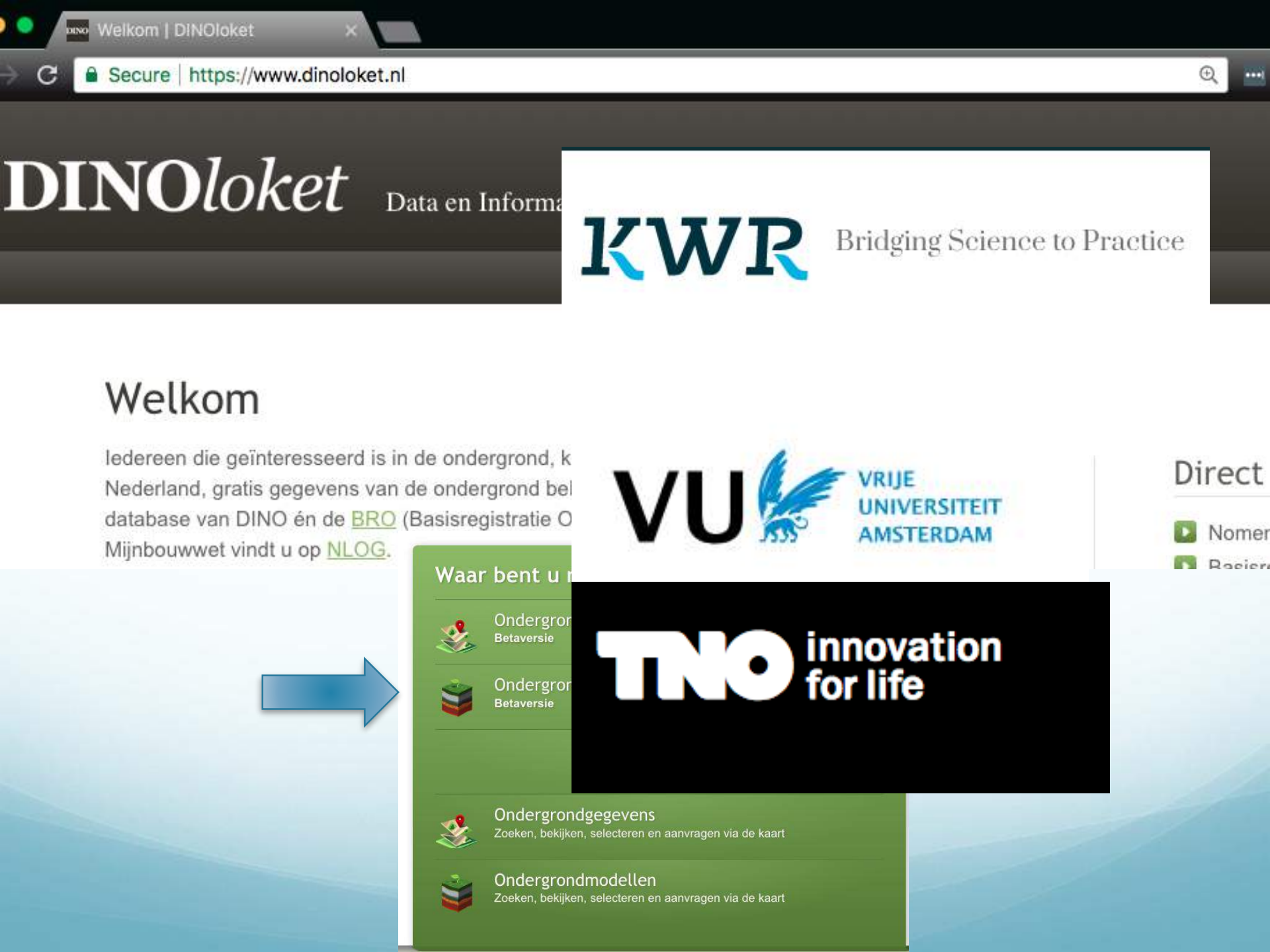
Opslaan als PDF

Hydrogeologie

- HLC
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340 Hoogte t.o.v. NAP 13





Welkom

Iedereen die geïnteresseerd is in de ondergrond, k...
Nederland, gratis gegevens van de ondergrond bel...
database van DINO én de [BRO](#) (Basisregistratie O...
Mijnbouwwet vindt u op [NLOG](#).

Direct

- Nomer
- Reier



Waar bent u...



Ondergron
Betaversie



Ondergron
Betaversie

TNO

innovation
for life



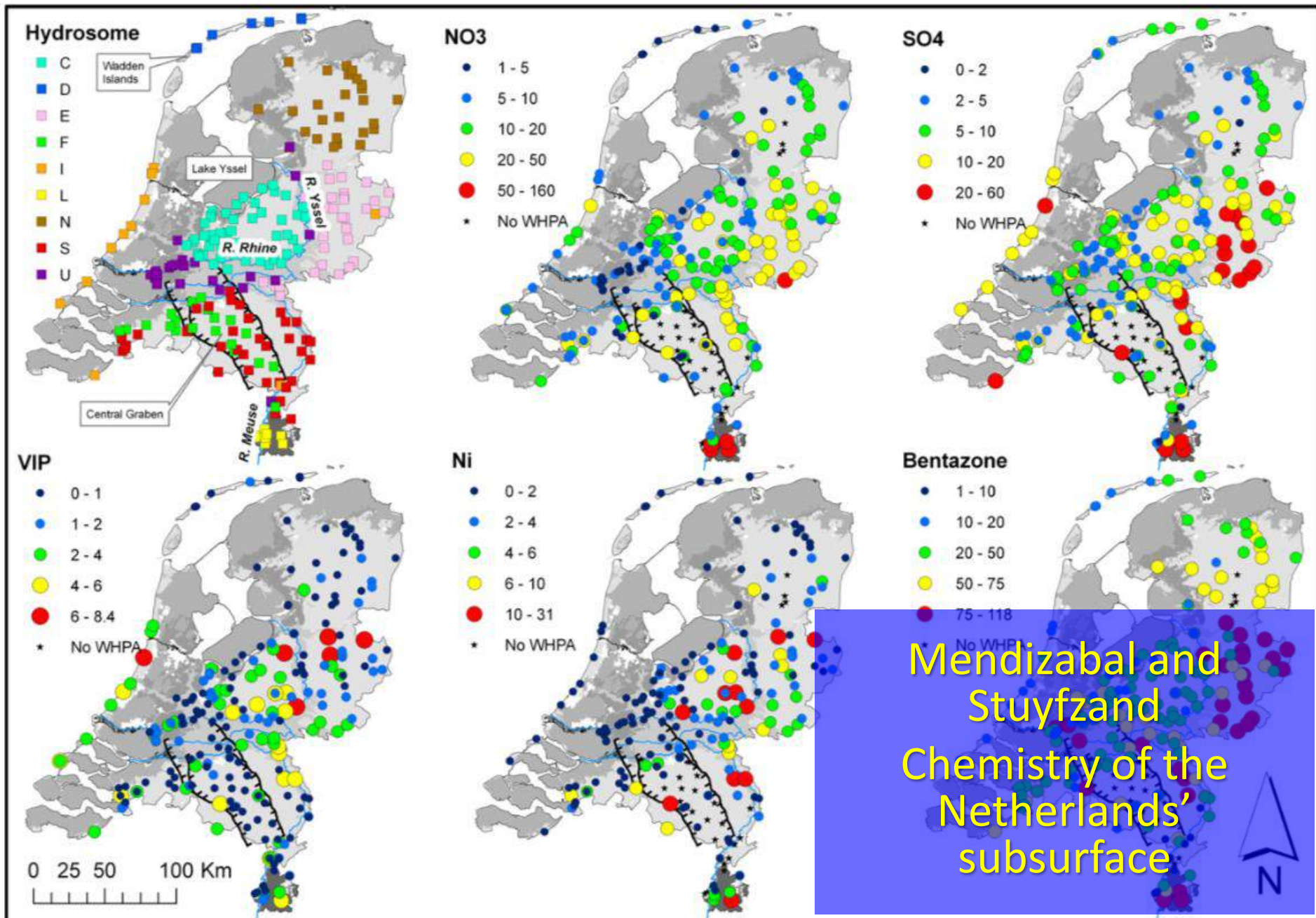
Ondergrondgegevens

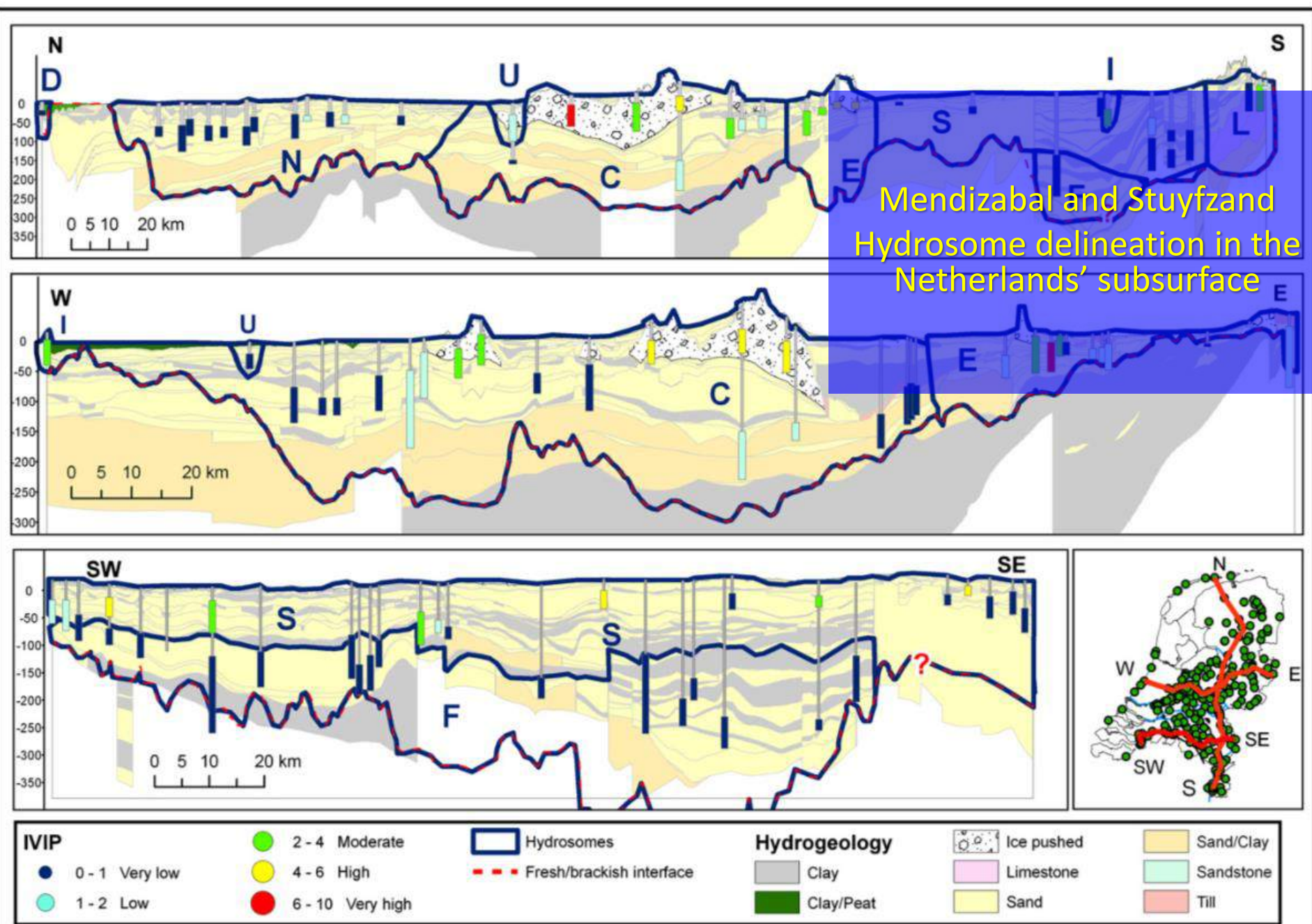
Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart



Ondergrondmodellen

Zoeken, bekijken, selecteren en aanvragen via de kaart





Mendizabal and Stuyfzand Hydrosome delineation in the Netherlands' subsurface

Conclusions

- Satellite and remote sensing in general are extremely important, indispensable in fact, but are not the panacea for everything.
- The increasing number of repositories of groundwater data in the public domain allow much more sophisticated and comprehensive analysis of groundwater related phenomena.
- This way, big data is not only relevant on the national scale, it is so locally as well.
- Professionals will have to be or become aware to stay relevant and will need to become skilled in accessing and handling and analysing large(r) amounts of data to make use of it.
- Modern software and flexible scripting languages in the public sector together with the available data permit everybody on earth to become professional, it only requires the will and effort to learn.
- At least engineering and science students should get familiar and skilled in the involved techniques as soon as they come to the university.



About TAHMO

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The Trans-African HydroMeteorological Observatory (TAHMO) aims to develop a vast network of weather stations across Africa. Current and historic weather data is important for agricultural, climate monitoring, and many hydro-meteorological applications.

Watch the video below to learn more about our project.



Ongoing:
Creating a vast network of cheap weather stations for Africa



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TAHMO @TAHMO_World
"The challenge for the upcoming century is 'how to feed ourselves'. We are depleting groundwater, we are growing population. How are we going to grow more food on the same amount of land that earth has?".
youtube.com/watch?v=_oY62p...
YouTube @YouTube